TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

We Have
What you want
When you want it
at the
People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy,
36 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1894. No. 292

Our Goods Will Sell.

In answer to the many enquiries we have had during the past week as to whether it was true we were going to run a jewelry auction, we would say that we have never contemplated the idea for a moment. This year we have laid in one of the finest and best assorted stocks that has ever been shown in British Columbia and have marked the same at the most moderate advance on cost that is possible.

We represent everything as it is, and guarantee everything we sell, and will be pleased to show any and all through our many lines of Xmas goods.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Jewellers, 47 Government Street

RECEIVED THIS DAY....

Monday, 26th Nov., 1894,

12 Packages

.....CONTAINING.....

Misses and Children's Jackets

ALSO New Styles in Capes,

Waterproofs, Jackets, Etc.

The Westside J. HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS . . . .

ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

Every Lady purchasing at the MONSTER AUCTION SALE
—OF—

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Etc.,

Will receive a ticket for the GRAND DRAWING on a Fine Set of Flat Ware, in Oak Case, Valued at $125.00.

49 GOVERNMENT STREET, OPPOSITE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Sales at 2.30 and 7.30 p.m.

Do you know that A. Gregg & Son carry a large reliable stock—bright and clean, embracing the latest novelties?

?

Are you aware that we number among our patrons a great many of the well dressed gentlemen of Victoria?

Do you know that A. Gregg & Son are presenting extraordinary opportunities to all gentlemen who desire to be well and economically dressed?

?

Why don't YOU, when you require clothing (if you are not already one of our customers) enquire about A. Gregg & Son, Tailors, 62 Yates Street.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

The Old Reliable Wellington Coal for Household Purposes.

Wellington and Comox nut coal at reasonable prices. Carload lots at special rates.

Rattray & Hall, Sole Agents, 106 GOVT. ST., TEL. NO. 83. 34 STORE ST., TEL. NO. 197.

R. KENNY.

formerly manager for McLennan & McFeeley, has opened a General House Furnishing Store at 74 Yates street, under the name of R. Kenny & Co. Owing to Mr. Kenny's long experience in this line of business, customers giving him a call will find his stock all new and well selected. The firm are also agents for hard or Anthracite Coal.

AMERICAN LEGISLATION.

Nicaraguan Canal Bills to be Considered by a Conference Committee.

Germany's Protest Against the Discriminating Duty on Sugar.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The speaker said to-day that the Nicaraguan canal bill would come before the house at an early day.

The president has nominated E. H. Strobel, of New York, now minister of the United States to Ecuador, to be envoy minister to Chili, vice Porter, resigned, and Brig.-General McCook to be major-general of the army, vice Howard, retired.

The senate committee on foreign relations met for the purpose of considering the Nicaragua canal bill. There was no quorum present, but the matter was discussed. The senate bill will be pressed, and then the differences between the senate and the house bill will be settled at a conference. The senate bill appropriates something like six million dollars to reimburse those who have invested that amount of money up to the present time in the undertaking.

Senator Quay introduced an amendment to the sugar bill passed by the house and reported to the senate providing for striking out the one-eighth of a cent per pound differential on sugar. He said this amendment would bring the Democrats face to face with the sugar trust and put them on record.

The report of the secretary of state, mentioned in the president's message, upon Germany's protest against the discriminating duty of one-tenth per cent. per pound on sugar coming from countries paying an export bounty thereon, was transmitted to congress to-day. Gresham says the protest is based upon the fact that such a measure could not be reconciled with the most favored nation clause, and adds:

"The German ambassador says the granting of an export duty is a domestic affair of Germany. An intent not to fulfil its treaty stipulations based upon the most favored nation clause cannot therefore be inferred from this by any other country. He declares that 'the view which has been manifested by the legislative bodies of the United States would render the effects of the most favored nation clause illusory.' Gresham concedes that the payment by a country of a bounty on the exportation of articles of its produce or manufacture for the purpose of encouraging domestic industry can no more be considered as discrimination than the imposition of practically prohibitory duties on the importation of articles of a foreign country for the same purpose.

CHEST PROTECTORS

AN ELEGANT LINE.
LATEST DESIGNS.
LOWEST PRICES.

COCHRANE & MUNN, - Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Address Miss Shepherd, Times office, or Vining street, Spring Ridge. dec4-1w

FOUND—Cross retriever pup. Apply 340 Johnson street. d4-3t

FIRST CLASS SPOT CASH GROCERY business for sale cheap; net monthly profits average $125, or owner will take good partner who knows city well; the bargain of a lifetime. J. Coltart, Colonist Block. dec5-1t

WANTED—Ward maid. Apply to the matron, Jubilee Hospital. 5-3t

LOST—Between South Park and Yates Sts., via Humboldt, silver chain bracelet with initialed padlock. Reward at J. Partridge's, Lansdowne House, Yates St. 1t

REMOVAL NOTCIE.

DR. WADE

Has removed his office to No. 4 Broughton Street, corner of Government street (over E. M. Johnson's office). Hours 10 to 1, 3 to 5 and 7:30 to 8. Hours for eye and ear cases—10:30 to 12. 5-1m

Spiritualists! Attention!

Pioneer Hall, Broad St, FRIDAY Eve, December 7th. F. G. PRESTON, of London, Eng., will give evidence of spirit return. Some startling things shown. Doors open 7:30. Admission 50 cents. dec5-3t

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 10th instant, at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation 10 miles D. B. weather proof No 6 (Brown & Sharp's guage) copper wire, to be delivered within ten days from date of awarding tender.

A certified cheque for $200 with sample of wire must accompany each tender.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C.,
December 5th, 1894.

AUCTION SALE

Of Furniture and Household Effects, by W. Furnival & Co., Thursday, December 6th, at 2 p.m. at No. 40 First Street. Having received instruction from Mrs. Howes, who is leaving for England, we will sell the contents of her well-furnished rooms, consisting of 1 bedroom suit, box mattress and bed linen, 1 lounge, 1 Singer sewing machine, lace curtains and pole, 1 cook stove with copper reservoir, 1 parlor heater, lamps and utensils, 1 tapestry carpet, 1 Brussels stair carpet, pictures, crockery and glassware, tables, chairs, 1 platform rocker upholstered in carpet, double-barreled breech-loading shot gun and loading tools, a quantity of house plants, 3 canaries (singers), carpenter's tools, etc, etc.

At the same hour and place, we will sell 12 acres of land, lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, in blk 7 and lots 1 and 8, in blk 6, Shawnigan Suburban; three minutes' walk from railway station, immediately behind hotel.

Terms made known at the sale. No reserve. W. FURNIVAL, Auctioneer, 1t

SEALERS' INDEMNITY.

Congress Not Likely to Adopt Cleveland's Recommendantion.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—The Globe's Washington special says that the $425,000 that President Cleveland spoke of in his message will probably not pass congress and be paid to the Canadian sealers, as the members are opposed to it on various grounds. It is claimed primarily that the amount is excessive.

THE DUTY ON BOOMS.

Michigan Lumbermen to Interview the Dominion Government.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—D. L. White, jr., S. G. M. Gates, E. T. Carrington, Temple Emery, G. O. Fisher, F. R. Potter, S. Eddy and F. A. E. Woodack, Michigan lumbermen, have arrived here to-day and will interview the government to-morrow on the question of imposing a duty of 20 cents per thousand on booms used for towing rafts across the lakes to the States. W. R. White, of Pembroke, will act as counsel for them and will introduce them to Minister Bowell to-morrow. Mr. White says that if the duty is not removed the irritation caused over it may tend to interfere with lumber entering the States free of duty.

Another victim, Oliver Beauchamp, aged fifteen years, has been added to those killed in the dynamite explosion in Hull.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Nominations Take Place in Winnipeg and Elsewhere.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5.—The municipal nominations to-day passed off quietly, though the crop of candidates was even larger than was expected in some of the wards. For mayor three nominations were received, they being Ald. T. Gilroy, ex-Mayor A. McMicken and Mr. Charles R. Wilkes. The only wards to return aldermen by acclamation were ward one, Ald. Richards having no opposition to a second term, and ward two, which chose Mr. I. M. Ross to succeed Ald. Gilroy.

The acclamations for the school board were Ald. Bole, for ward one, Mr. F. C. Wade for ward two and Dr. Benson for ward four.

Ward Three—Stuart Macdonald, John Arbuthnot, W. F. McCreary, James McDiarmid and L. McMeans for aldermen; John O'Donohoue and John F. Fowler for school trustee.

Ward Four—Nominations for aldermen George Craig and W. A. Charlesworth; Dr. E. Benson for school trustee.

Ward Five—J. C. Sproule, J. W. Ross, Donald J. McDonald, nominated for aldermen; Samuel J. Pentland, Duncan Sinclair and James Stuart nominated for school trustees.

Ward Six—Archibald James Bannerman, J. B. Henderson, nominated for aldermen; James Dobson and J. K. Strachan nominated for school trustee.

Mayor Dogg was re-elected for West Selkirk.

In Brandon there will be a contest for the mayoralty between E. Evans and Hon. James Smart.

W. J. Cooper was elected mayor of Portage la Prairie by acclamation, as was J. E. Prendergast in St. Boniface and Wm. Hunt in Carberry.

In Minnedosa the nominations for mayor were E. A. Deaison and S. Fairburn, and in Virden B. F. Foster, J. D. McNiven and W. J. Kennedy.

The elections take place on December 18th.

FATAL CAR ACCIDENT.

Gripman Tries to Pass In Front of a Railway Train.

Oakland, Cal., Dec. 5.—W. N. Joseph, gripman, and J. H. Wilson, conductor of the cable car which collided with the local train last night, resulting in the death of Miss May Coats and injuring William H. Waste, a young lawyer, who were passengers, were arrested and charged with manslaughter, but were released later on their own recognizances. An examination of the cables showed that the accident was not caused by a broken strand, as reported last evening. All things go to indicate that it was the fault of Carmen Joseph and Wilson. They apparently attempted to cross ahead of the train so as not to be delayed.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Corrected List of the Dead and Injured in the Explosion at Hull.

Hon. Mr. Mills Says the Elections Will Take Place Before Another Session.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 5.—Word has reached here that on Sunday morning some men drove up to the rear door of the general store of C. W. Switzer at Meadowville with a wagon, and gaining an entrance to the store loaded about $200 worth of assorted goods, including every plug of tobacco in the place, and then drove off.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—Mrs. J. H. R. Molson, who in '73 gave $20,000 to endow a chair of mental and moral philosophy at McGill university, has added another $20,000 to swell the fund.

H. E. Murray, vice-president of the defunct Beaver line steamship company, left for Liverpool to-day to attend the meeting of the company called by the courts.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—Hon. David Mills, of London, who is in the city, said in an interview this evening said he thought it possible that Sir John Thompson might bring on the general election before the next session of parliament despite his statement to the contrary in the House last session.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier is in town. He met several of his Ontario supporters at the Windsor Hotel last night to complete his arrangements in connection with the voters' lists. He is going down to Bonaventure in a day or so.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Following is a corrected and additional list of the names of the killed and injured in the dynamite explosion at Hull. Killed—Honore Larosch, Norbert Martin, Albert Barbeau and Tessaphore Sequin. Injured—N. Z. Louis, left leg broken and face badly cut; Albert Beauchamp, first reported killed, legs and arms broken and face badly cut, recovery doubtful; Mrs. Charren, head cut and her three-year-old daughter also badly cut and bruised; Messrs. B. Prudhomme, face and head badly cut; A. D. Cadieux, cut on head and arms; Miss Clouthier, face badly cut and bruised; four-year-old daughter and five-year-old son of Joseph Clouthier badly cut about the faces; Alexander Major, dangerous scalp wounds.

Contractor Bourque says the explosion was caused by Foreman Sequin lighting a fire in the shanty stove which was entirely against the orders.

St. John's, Nfld., Dec. 5.—The man Carringe, charged with the murder of Wm. McCarthy, last January, was acquitted to-day. An alibi was proven and the prisoner acquitted.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—Morris Haines is in custody at Niagara Falls on a charge of bigamy. Haines deserted his wife in Montreal fourteen years ago and she has been seeking him ever since. Haines settled at Rochester and married a pretty Jewess and came to Toronto to live but left last spring for Niagara Falls.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

One of the Colonial Conference Delegates to Lecture in London.

London, Dec. 5.—At the third day's sale of Victoria wools 12,545 bales were offered. The sales are proceeding briskly. French and American operators are taking the superior qualities at full prices. Inferior grades are steady.

Ferdinand de Lesseps is seriously ill at his home in Paris.

A Berlin dispatch says the emperor this morning visited the Prince of Wales. Later in the day the prince returned his majesty's call. The prince started for England this afternoon.

Hon. Henry Wrixon, delegate from Victoria to the recent colonial conference at Ottawa, will deliver a lecture in this city on December 11th upon the conference and its national significance. The Marquis of Lorne will preside at the meeting and introduce Wrixon. Sir John Thompson, the Canadian premier, has signified his intention of being present.

THE BAY CITY.

Another Murder Case Added to San Francisco's long List.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—In the strikers' case in Judge Morrow's court this morning Attorney Monteith moved to have President Huntington, General Manager Towne and other railroad officials subpoenaed as witnesses. As in the case of other requests made for witnesses he asked the government to bear the expense. The court denied the motion.

Hugh Riley, charged with the murder last night of Mary McCann was called for preliminary examination in the police court this morning and had his case continued. Riley will probably plead insanity.

—The steam schooner Thistle returned to Victoria yesterday after having discharged 80,000 pounds of halibut at Vanvouver for shipment east. She brought about two thousand pounds to Victoria and is preparing to go north again at once. It is expected that her cargo will be waiting for her this time when she reaches the Isabel which is at the banks north of the Skeena. The fish was taken in a very short space of time but considerable time was lost in getting to the banks and getting ready to fish.

MERCILESS TURKS.

Armenian Refugees Arrive at Athens and Tell of the Dreadful Massacre.

Even School Children Did Not Escape the Bayonets of the Brutal Soldiers.

Athens, Dec. 4.—A press correspondent has interviewed a number of Armenians who escaped from the districts where the recent massacres took place. This party of Armenians is the first that has escaped from the districts where the massacres occurred, and it is believed that even worse remains to be told, as the horrors described are understood to have lasted for a long time after this party left. Most of the persons who told their stories escaped from Bitlis, Moosh and Sassoun, taking with them what little they could carry, and making their way with the greatest difficulty to the Russo-Turkish frontier and going to Erivan and Etchmiadzin. Several Armenian women escaped from the villages with this party, but when near Erzeroum they died from the effects of sabre wounds inflicted upon them before their escape.

For about eighteen months, the Armenians say, the province of Sassoun has been surrounded by Turkish troops and nobody has been allowed to enter or leave. About four months ago the Turkish authorities learned that the inhabitants of Vartenis, a village outside the frontier of Sassoun, were sending for the necessaries of life to the village of Dalvorig. Such communication between the two villages being prohibited the Turks massacred nearly all the inhabitants of Vartenis. This was the second massacre to occur. The first took place about a year ago.

One of the refugees, a man named Khadjik, states that his uncle and aunt were both killed, the latter being violated previous to being put to death. An Armenian priest named Kevont was killed for refusing to celebrate Turkish rites in his church at Vartenis. The village contained 325 Armenian houses before the Turks attacked it, but when the fugitives left only 25 houses remained standing. Dalvorig, it appears, is the largest village in the province of Sassoun, and its inhabitants, when they learned of the horrors perpetrated by the Turks at Vartenis, attacked the Turks on the frontier. The Turkish commander eventually sent twelve Turkish soldiers into Dalvorig to learn what had occurred. The Armenians, filled with indignation at the atrocities committed by the Turks at Vartenis, attacked this detachment of Turkish soldiers and put them all to death.

When the Turkish commander heard of the death of his soldiers he determined on vengeance in the most bloody manner possible. A strong force of Turkish troops was sent to the village with artillery, and the massacre began. The guns kept up a continuous fire upon Dalvorig until practically not one stone was left upon another.

Selo, the bey of Initzoun, a Kurd, with a detachment of Kurdish cavalry, went with the Turkish soldiers to the village of Smal and forcibly took the Armenian priest from his church, after disgustingly defiling the sacred vessels and the priest's hands. They then bound him on a donkey, which they drove a distance of a few yards. The soldiers then fired at the priest, and killed him and the beast he was bound to.

In the same village the Turkish soldiers entered an Armenian house and violated a woman and her daughter, the latter being fourteen years of age. From this village Selo forcibly took eight Armenian girls and sent them to the harem of Initzoun.

Further atrocities were committed by the Turks at the village of Kelichuesen. Before dawn this place was surrounded by soldiers, and, while the inhabitants were still asleep, it was set on fire. The brutal soldiers entered the residence of a man named Araket, who was asleep with his wife, and tortured them both in a horrible manner with red hot irons. At this village the soldiers killed the Armenian priest Margosa, with twenty other inmates of a house. They were burned to death, the soldiers preventing anybody from escaping from the burning building. The chief of the village of Cheneg was captured by the soldiers and bound to his two daughters. All three were then scalded to death with boiling water. A detachment of 25 regulars of the Turkish army, after committing inexpressible horrors at the village of Sebghank, went to the village school and ravaged the girls found there, and then devastated the building.

Ibo Bey, the notorious Kurd brigand of the village of Djibran and a colonel in the regular army, went with a detachment of Turkish troops to the Armenian villages of Bahlou, Hatezgens and Komka, and at each place committed every crime there is to commit. After driving out the men, they collected the female children of Bahlou together, about 200 in all, and after ravishing them they killed them all with guns and swords. After this massacre the Turkish soldiers regaled themselves with wine and whatever else they could find in the village. The Kurdish regular troops from Kizan and Bahran entered the Armenian villages of Allanozig and Aghleg, killed the inhabitants and wrecked their houses. The number of villages devastated in this manner is said to be over thirty-two. The Armenians fled in every direction, but many of them were captured by the Turkish troops before they could get away and were taken to prison. Khadjiak, who was the principal spokesman of the Armenian refugees, told the whole story in a most convincing manner.

Dr. G. Thoumain, a well known Armenian, has just received a letter written on September 29 from Todorain, a village near Erzeroum. The writer says:

"How can I write of such horrors as our life from the days since the 14th. Mounted robbers rode up to this village an hour after sunset and immediately began an indiscriminate attack upon the Armenian inhabitants. Over two hundred shots were fired at the house of the Rev. Mr. Zookis, pastor of the Protestant community, who was absent from Erzeroum. Three balls struck the pastor's wife in the face. She subsequently died from the effects of the wounds. Some poor people from Khnoos, who were living in the basement of the pastor's house, hurried upstairs when the firing was going on, and all of them were wounded. Mr. Richardson, an American missionary, came from Erzeroum to attend the funeral of the pastor's wife. On September 25th, a band of robbers committed murder at Andag and carried off cattle. At Dody they broke into houses and plundered them of their contents."

Dr. Thoumain was formerly a professor at the American college at Marzovan, and has himself been the victim of cruel persecution at the hands of the Turks in 1893, when serious disturbances occurred in various parts of Armenia and scores of innocent Christian people were thrown into prison and the Christian college burnt. On representations sent to the Turkish government by the department of state of the United States, Dr. Thoumain was pardoned.

London, Dec. 4.—The Daily News says it is believed that Prime Minister Rosebery is willing to grant an official hearing to the Armenians in London on the Sassoun affair.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says it is reported that the Earl of Kimberley, the British foreign minister, has made strong representations to Rustem Pasha, Turkish Ambassador to Great Britain, on the contents of the Porte's circular, and has insisted upon an honest inquiry being made into the outrages and the necessity for better government in Armenia.

NO TARIFF AGITATION.

This is Practically Settled by the Finance Committee of the Senate.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 4.—The house passed a bill appropriating twenty thousand dollars for the dedication of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga national park on the 19th and 20th of November, 1895, and also a bill appropriating seventy-five thousand dollars for a military park on the battle field of Shiloh.

The fate of all tariff legislation was practically settled by a discussion by the senate finance committee this morning. Harty said he would like to see the sugar schedule modified but in view of the statement made to Congress by Carlisle, he could not advocate any steps that would reduce the revenues of the government. Voorhees and Sherman, of the committee, are understood to have taken strong grounds against any more tariff legislation this session.

In the senate to-day Pfeffer introduced bills for the repeal of that part of the resumption act which provides for the sale of bonds and providing for the government control of freight railroads. Blanchard offered a resolution instructing the committee on appropriations to report an amendment to urge the deficiency bill, appropriating a sufficient amount to pay the bounty of 1894.

Lodge offered resolutions, which were agreed to, calling on the President for the correspondence in connection with the Bluefields affair, and also reports of Rear-Admiral Walker re the Sandwich Islands.

ENGLAND'S POLICY.

An Important Speech Delivered by the Governor of India.

Lahore, Dec. 4.—The governor-general of India made an important speech here Friday evening. After paying tribute to the loyalty, devotion and courage of the Punjab men serving in the army, Lord Elgin continued:

"We have no ambition for conquest or for the extension of our boundaries. From a recent speech of Lord Rosebery you have learned that we have reason to hope that the time is approaching when all risk of a clashing of Russian and British interests in Asia will be ended, and I venture to say that no more welcome news could be conveyed to the lovers of India. We possess a great advantage of having a firm friend in the Ameer, who has honorably recognized his obligations under the treaty of 1893, and we trust that all frontier troubles will soon be removed by the united efforts of the British and Afghan officers. We are sending commissions to the extreme west and to the extreme east, with a view to settling matters with Persia and France and removing any possible cause for quarrel. The convention recently concluded with China provide for the settlement of the Burmese frontier and the promotion of trade by uniting the telegraph systems of the two countries. The fact is, this might well be termed an era of delimitation, as the whole world is settling disputed boundaries from the Persian Gulf to the Malay peninsula."

He exhorted the chiefs to recognize their responsibilities as rulers.

FOR UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

Socialists Hold an Enthusiastic Meeting in Vienna.

Vienna, Dec. 5.—At a socialist suffrage meeting in Vienna yesterday the speakers asserted that what the Austrian premier in the recent discussion on suffrage reform declared to be out of the question was the only solution likely to satisfy the proletaria agitators, and they would in no wise be depressed by official utterances; but it was the main task of the leaders to keep their followers within bounds. After the meeting all who had been present marched in procession through the Ring strasse, singing and cheering for universal suffrage. The police did not interfere with them.

Pin Your Faith to E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES

TELEGRAPH
TELEPHONE
TIGER
PARLOR

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

News Received by Wire From All Parts of the World.

The finance minister of France has announced that it will be necessary to increase the succession duties by 25,000,000 francs in order to balance the budget.

The Belgian Socialists are protesting against royal grants.

A violent storm has been raging on the Mediterranean near Pola for several days.

Miss Victoria Vokes, the actress, died in London on Monday.

It is stated that a commission of prelates at the Vatican is arranging to summon a plenary council of South American bishops.

The German government has concluded negotiations with the Rothschild syndicate for a loan of 76,000,000 florins in gold, which is required to complete the reform of the currency. The syndicate already holds the greater part of the needed bullion.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Post says that the proclamation of amnesty issued by the Czar on the occasion of his marriage includes the accused Lutheran clergymen of the Baltic provinces. It is expected all such prosecutions will be dropped and the order for the expulsion of German officials and workmen from Russia will be rescinded.

ENGLISH LABOR LEADER.

John Burns Entertained by His American Co-Workers.

New York, Dec. 5.—The complimentary dinner tendered by the trades and labor unions of New York to Messrs. David Holmes and John Burns, M. P., delegates of the British Trades Union Congress to the American Federation of Labor Convention, at Clarendon hall last night was well attended. Many women were present. Samuel Gompers presided. Mr. Burns in his speech said among other things:

"It is an education to come to New York. What I learn over here I will give to labor the moment I go back. To-day as I walked along Fifth avenue I thought, Why should there be so many churches where there are so many millionaires? There will never be any reciprocity between rich and poor so long as the rich have so many churches. I am firmly convinced that before fifty years there will be a social democracy."

Mr. J. Alcide Chausse
Montreal, P. Q.

A Marvelous Medicine

Whenever Given a Fair Trial Hood's Proves Its Merit.

The following letter is from Mr. J. Alcide Chausse, architect and surveyor, No. 153 Shaw Street, Montreal, Canada:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for about six months and am glad to say that it has done me a great deal of good. Last May my weight was 152 pounds, but since

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla it has increased to 163. I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is a marvellous medicine and am very much pleased with it." J. ALCIDE CHAUSSE.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

... ALSO ...

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

Victoria Metal Works Co.
J. FITZPATRICK,
Sanitary Plumbers,
Steam and Hot Water Engineers.

COPPER, BRASS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Repairing Bicycles, etc.; also First Class Brazing and general repairing of Tinware. Dealers in New and Second Hand Stoves.

117 FORT STREET.

GROCERIES.

CASH!

GO TO JOHNS BROS., FOR

FLOUR,
BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP, WHEAT,
ETC.

Best in Quality and Lowest in Prices.

261 DOUGLAS ST., Cor. Kings Road.

...WE DELIVER...

Orders to all our customers without extra charge. The only thing extra about us is the quality of our groceries. Give us a call and see for yourself.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 32 Fort St.

Are You In the Swim?

Everybody is who buys their Groceries At

W. Hazlett's Cash Grocery,
72 Fort Street, near Douglas.

—PRICES AWAY DOWN—

5 lb. Pails Mince Meat	75 cts.
5 lb. Pails Jam	65 cts.
7 lb. Pails Jam	85 cts.
3 1-2 lbs. Currants	25 cts.
3 1-2 lbs. Raisins	25 cts.
2 lbs. Best Prunes	25 cts.
2 lbs. Best Apricots	25 cts.
2 lbs. Dried Apples	25 cts.
Japanese Oranges	50 cts per box

And a comple stock of First Class Groceries at Equally Low Prices.

Note the address: 72 Fort Street, near Douglas. A call solicited.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 25 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by excesses in youth. Six boxes cure. Will cure the worst case. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Manufactured by Electric Medical Co. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in advance. LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C.

INSPECTOR MOYLAN'S WAY

What the Developments in Connection With the Penitentiary Show.

An Investigation That Did Not Investigate—Time for Superannuation.

From our own correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—The result of the investigation into the management of the British Columbia penitentiary shows that while justice has at last been done the department of justice is not deserving of credit for the obstacles which it has thrown in the way for the past few years of getting a proper enquiry into the management of the institution.

In the first place let me quote from the report of Inspector Moylan, who made an enquiry and a report into the charges against the penitentiary management. Viewed in connection with what has taken place this one-sided and biased document makes refreshing reading. I will give his closing paragraphs first. He says:

"I am more than ever pleased with the manner in which this penitentiary is conducted. The officers are active, efficient and well-conducted; they give a good example to the prisoners; they carry out the rules strictly and fairly. The convicts are well treated; they are well disposed to comply with the rules and discipline of the prison; they cheerfully and diligently perform the work allotted to them. Though invited to do so, they make no complaint. In a word, everything goes on smoothly and satisfactorily. If there be any of the abuses and irregularities alleged, the officers must get the credit of not only concealing them to perfection, but also of being in perfect accord in so doing.

This report is dated 20th of December, 1889.

But to begin at the beginning. The second paragraph of the report says: "The officers of the staff are attentive, zealous and steady in their habits."

After giving the opinions of the chaplain, the surgeon, etc., as to the excellent way the institution is managed, Mr. Moylan says:

"A fly sheet, printed in Washington territory, containing the vilest slanders and most barefaced falsehoods against the administration of this penitentiary, and some of its most deserving officers, was put in circulation, in Victoria, about twelve months ago. The production was the work of two of the most depraved and hardened criminals that have ever cursed, with their presence, any penitentiary in the Dominion. It was one of them, who, coming across from Seattle, distributed, in a few hours, the untruthful and libellous publication, and made his escape to American territory before his arrest could be effected. Certain individuals, who were either very credulous or very unfriendly disposed towards the administration of the penitentiary, made grave charges, alleging that serious abuses and irregularities existed. These charges were of the vaguest nature, and nothing definite being mentioned, and they were advanced in a manner which everyone, who appreciates fair play and manliness, must stigmatize as dastardly. He is a veritable coward who makes accusations against men, who, by reason of their position, are helpless to defend themselves, and who has not the moral courage or proper sense of justice to formulate his charges, in view of affording an opportunity to the victims of his malevolence to have the truth or falsity of the allegations duly tested. This is a general proposition without any particular application."

In the next part of the report Mr. Moylan refers to Senator McInnes as "that person." Here is his letter:

"In connection with the remarks made by Senator McInnes on the 24th April last, in the senate, I addressed, with the approval of the minister, the following letter to that person:—

New Westminster, Sept. 5, 1889.

Hon. Senator McInnes, New Westminster.

Sir,—In view of the statement made by you, in the senate, last session of parliament, to the effect that abuses and irregularities exist in this penitentiary, I have the honor to state that, during my present visit to the institution, I shall be glad to make any inquiries that shall be called for by the facts which have come to your knowledge and to which you made reference in the senate.

If you will, therefore, be good enough either to furnish the evidence yourself, or to give me the names of any persons who may be able to prove the existence of abuses, or irregularities, a careful investigation will be made and I shall be glad if you can be present. I have the honor, etc. J. G. MOYLAN.

I received no reply, the senator being, as I learned, absent."

Mr. Moylan, who was at New Westminster as is seen by the above letter, making his enquiry into the institution, also wrote Messrs. Kennedy Brothers of the Columbian, of New Westminster, asking them to be present and give testimony, as they had written certain articles about the management of the institution in their paper. To this letter Messrs. Kennedy Bros. replied that Mr. Moylan was under a misapprehension as to what they desired and they enclosed an extract from their paper, part of which is given here: "It would be well if the Dominion authorities would investigate the penitentiaries once in a while, and do so by means of a special commission outside the service altogether. Such a method might lend variety to the reports. Those institutions that are conducted properly would suffer no injustice, while conversely wrong if it exists, would be discovered and righted." We also cite below, Senator McInnes' immediately pertinent remarks on the subject, made in the Dominion Senate on the 24th of April last, and our endorsation appended.—"We have a penitentiary within a mile of where I live in New Westminster. It is believed that there are a great many irregularities in connection with the management of that institution. I am not going to make any charges now, but I believe the rumors are well founded, and when the proper time comes, I fear it will be my bounden duty to ask that an investigation be made, and that it be placed entirely beyond the control or influence of the inspector of penitentiaries and the government, and that some judge of the supreme court, or other thoroughly disinterested and qualified person shall take evidence and investigate all complaints, and thereby do justice to the people of the penitentiary, and if they are not guilty of what they are charged they will be exonerated; if guilty they should be punished, and the public will be satisfied. Anything short of that, in my opinion, will not give satisfaction. I think this case of the St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary has not gone too far yet for a thorough and searching investigation to be made of it before some of the judges of the courts in the province of Quebec.

It is unnecessary to comment upon Senator McInnes' remarks with respect to the penitentiary in this province. We have already made a similar suggestion and thoroughly endorse what the senator has said on the matter."

The foregoing extracts will explain our attitude on the question of an investigation into provincial penitentiary matters more clearly perhaps than anything else, and it will not be necessary to give any further reasons for respectfully declining to shoulder the onus probandi in such an investigation as you propose.

The first witness examined by Mr. Moylan was A. H. McBride, warden. He was asked if he read the statements made by Senator McInnes, and replied, "I have, and it is untrue."

Q. Could any abuses exist without your knowledge?

A. Certainly not; because I have lived here since the penitentiary was opened; if any such existed I would have either seen them or heard of them.

Q. Can you assign any reason for Dr. McInnes making such a statement?

A. I have reason to believe I offended him at the beginning of my administration because I did not appoint persons on the staff on his application who were unfit for the position.

Q. Had he opportunities of seeing how the affairs of the institution are conducted?

A. He was employed as substitute for the surgeon several times; he attended on my family, also on his nephew, the steward, and was present at the investigation held here by Mr. Trutch when government agent. I frequently asked him to visit the penitentiary. He promised to come in his capacity of senator, but he has not done so.

James Fitzsimmons, deputy warden, being examined by Mr. Moylan:

Q. Have you seen the statement made by Dr. McInnes last session of parliament that abuses existed in this penitentiary?

A. I have read it.

Q. What do you think of it?

A. I think his statement is false.

Q. Is not this rather a strong word to use?

A. I don't think so; but I think the charge groundless and uncalled for on his part.

Q. Do you think he made the statement in good faith and in the public interest?

A. I do not.

Q. Why do you say this?

A. I base my opinion upon the fact that Dr. McInnes was annoyed because after the opening of the penitentiary he could not have his own way in certain matters. I refer to certain appointments which he wanted to make in the staff and to improvements on the grounds.

Of course all the employes denied that there was anything wrong with the institution.

About the time this so-called investigation was concluded Messrs. Kenedy Bros. wrote to Mr. Moylan telling him among other things that they had no wish to hold a brief for either side, but desired as public journalists to have the matter fully investigated. To this Mr. Moylan replied at length. I take one more extract from his letter:

"To you who take so much concern in the administration of the penitentiary in the public interest it must doubtless be a source of satisfaction to know that, with the exception of 'stories told by convicts,' to which you refer in your newspaper of the 8th of February last, nothing else has been adduced to support the grave and damaging inuendoes that have been made against a public institution and its staff of officers. The accusers do not repeat the gist of the 'stories' they have heard told by 'the worst men with whom I have come in contact,' as Bishop Sillitoe described the men who were concerned in the circulation of these 'stories.'

They prefer to accept the lies and slanders of hardened and habitual criminals to the oath of reliable and reputable men, because the latter are public servants, whose character before the community is thus besmirched and injured.

"You will also be pleased to know that only two out of thirty employes, who either resigned or were dismissed, have ever brought any charge whatever, and these charges were brought against a particular officer.

"Sir J. W. Trutch found them guiltless.

"Furthermore, it will, beyond question, gratify you to learn that the officers of the staff, without a single exception, the chaplains included, have testified on oath that the administration is properly conducted and that no public interest suffers or is abused in this institution. His Lordship Bishop Sillitoe has been pleased to add his valuable evidence."

As I have already given the closing paragraph of Mr. Moylan's report in the first part of this letter, all that I have got to add to this question is that the sooner Mr. Moylan is placed on the superannuated list the better. More have been of that opinion for years past than your humble correspondent,

SLABTOWN.

HEARING WITH HIS LEGS.

A Deaf Telegraph Operator's Peculiar Device.

The novelty of a telegraph operator who can scarcely hear a locomotive whistle working day after day at his instrument is one of the marvels presented at a telegraph station near this city. The man is about 28 years old. He has been deaf since he was about three years of age as the result of an attack of scarlet fever.

Being so extremely hard of hearing, the child's sense of touch was developed to the degree usually possessed by blind persons. The slightest tap upon a table or a wall, the rolling of a wagon wheel along the street and all similar sounds were conveyed to him by the subsequent vibrations.

When about twelve years of age he undertook the study of telegraphy. Being a favorite with the operator at his home he was given the run of the office. All the mystic signs, dots and dashes of the profession were explained to him. Day after day he could be seen siting at the table with his knees pressed against it, or resting his elbow upon it. He was literally feeling the messages as they were ticked off over the wire. Being naturally quick, it was but a short time until he was able to correctly read any message coming into the office. Sending came just as easy, and to-day, after sixteen years' service at the key and sounder, he is just as fine an operator as there is in the country. Of late years his hearing has improved to such an extent that he can easily hear the sounder, but the old habit of listening with his knee or elbow still clings to him, and that is the way all his messages are read.—Pittsburg Commercial Gazette.

CANADIAN CENTENARIAN.

Travelling Around the Country as Sprightly as a Young Man.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—William Chambers, of Chatham, Ontario, who is 108 years old, passed through this city yesterday, en route from Portage la Prairie, Man., to his home in Chatham. He was travelling alone, and toddled around the Dearbourne street station as sprightly as any young fellow of fifty. He has been in Manitoba to see his boys, who are 78 and 83. He was born in England in 1786. When Napoleon was changing the map of Europe he was a sturdy young man. He fought with the Duke of Wellington in Spain for several years, but left the service before the duke beat Napoleon. He came to America soon afterwards and settled in Canada.

BANKERS' PROTECTION.

They Appoint a Committee to Prevent Swindles.

New York, Dec. 5.—As a result of the Seeley and other swindles all the banks in this city and Brooklyn have appointed a "Protection Against Crime" committee. President Ellward, of the Bank of the State of New York, says this committee will devise some means to prevent such swindles as Seeley operated.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

the cream of Cod liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is for
Coughs,
Colds,
Sore Throat,
Bronchitis,
Weak Lungs,
Consumption,
Loss of Flesh,
Emaciation,
Weak Babies,
Growing Children,
Poor Mothers' Milk,
Scrofula,
Anæmia;
in fact, for all conditions calling for a quick and effective nourishment. Send for Pamphlet. FREE.
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature along face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed 2c stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, DETROIT, MICH.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.,
13 Trounce Avenue. 104

DON'T LET ANOTHER WASH-DAY GO BY WITHOUT USING

SUNLIGHT SOAP

You will find that it will do what no other soap can do, and will please you every way.

It is Easy, Clean, and Economical to wash with this soap.

C. R. KING, VICTORIA, Agent for British Columbia.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

Is FIFTY TIMES more nourishing than Meat Extracts or Home-Made Beef Tea.

Priestley's Cravenettes

(In light and medium-weight goods)

Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:

Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's. 4

See that the goods you buy are stamped EVERY FIVE YARDS WITH PRIESTLEY'S NAME. No others are of their manufacture.

Forwarned is to be Forarmed

We desire to warn you of the fact that during the next few weeks our store will be a scene of intense activity, and no wonder; we have profited from past experience and will make a grander show than ever. Come with little or much, we shall be able to satisfy the possibilities of your pockets.

Weiler Bros., - - - 51 to 55 Fort St.

CANADA

The publication of the PORTFOLIOS OF CANADIAN SCENES which was suspended during the holidays, has been resumed, and will be completed within a few weeks. Readers of the Times have already had an opportunity to procure Parts 1 to 8. Part 9 is now on hand. Cut out the Coupon in this paper and bring to Times office with 10c. (2c. additional if Portfolio is to be returned by mail) and receive Portfolio.

We will be able to supply a limited number of complete sets. For a Holiday Present a set of these handsome views or a set of America Photographed, which we can still furnish, would be "just the thing."

See Coupon in another place.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From the 1st January, 1895, and till further notice the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent (3%) per annum.

A. J. C. GALLETLY,
Manager.

Victoria, Nov. 28, 1894.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 34 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Potter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester Hall, Government str.et. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fitzguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASSEY, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fitzguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street, on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

NOLTE'S PATENT
Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A horse suitable for slow work; price $15 or exchange for pony. W.C.B., Times office. d3-3t

FOR SALE—About four acres on the Carey Road for $650; an acre and a quarter at Oak Bay for $850. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—50 acres on Salt Spring Island, 5 acres ready for the plough and 3 additional acres slashed and burnt; price, only $550. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A thoroughbred St. Bernard dog, 11 months old; registered pedigree; magnificent animal; will be sold cheap. Address St. Bernard, P. O. Box 147. d4-3t

TO LET.

PIANOS—To let, 76 Princess Ave. 29-11-2w

TO RENT—6-roomed cottage; bath room, hot and cold water; $11 per month. Apply Flint & Prosser, 18 Broad St. n29-1w

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Immediately a thoroughly experienced steward; must have first class credentials as to character and ability. Apply by letter to the Secretary of the Union Club. n23-tf

SITUATION WANTED.

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Orchard pruning, spraying and gardening. Apply J. W. Webb, garden contractor, Victoria. d3-3t

THE BLUE BOOK—Persons desiring information as to the forthcoming British Columbia Blue Book can obtain same of Frank McIntyre, at Hotel Victoria. 3t

WANTED—To exchange, Building Society shares and city lot for house and lot situate between Douglas, Vancouver, Humboldt and Johnson streets. State value. Address P. O. drawer 49. n16-tf

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

FERNWOOD LODGE, C.O.O.F., will give a concert and dance on Thursday, Dec. 13 at the Odd Fellows Hall, Spring Ridge. Single tickets, 50c.; double tickets, 75c. n29

IF THE TELESCOPE that was taken from Henley's the other evening by a party in mistake, is not returned proceedings will be taken. d4-3t

SHOOTING MATCH at the Colwood Hotel on the 15th December for turkeys and and geese. Wm. McNeill, manager. d4-1d

OUR CAMBRIDGE AND OXFORD CLUB SAUSAGES are the best on earth. Robt. Eccles & Son. o4-2t

BOARD OR LODGING.

HAVING LEASED THE LONDON BLOCK, cor. Johnson and Broad streets, I am prepared to let rooms by the day or week at reasonable rates. Mrs. M. Walker, proprietress. nov30-6t

The Daily Times.

BESIDE THE MARK.

In dealing with the great Tupper affair the Colonist indulges in its well known propensity for talking beside the question. When told that its quotation from Tupper's Edinburgh speech had nothing to do with the case, inasmuch as the offensive remarks were made at Dundee, it quietly assumes that the Dundee and Edinburgh speeches were in substance precisely the same. It so happens that at Dundee Sir Charles told the deputation of Forfarshire and Fifeshire farmers that the British government had "come to the foregone conclusion" not to admit Canadian cattle alive into the country, no matter how clearly it might be proved that Canada was free from pleuro-pneumonia. As we pointed out yesterday, the Week is not a Liberal paper but it severely criticizes this utterance, expressing the hope that Tupper may be able to repudiate it. There has been no repudiation, and the inference is clear that Tupper spoke the words as reported. We are quite content to leave it to any man of ordinary common sense whether so wantonly insulting an attack on the home government by its representative is likely to do Canada good or harm. It certainly could not commend the man who made it to the good graces of the ministry, for no set of men would care to be charged with bad faith and hypocrisy. Speaking a good word for Canada is one thing and telling Mr. Gardner he is a knave is quite another thing. The Colonist holds that Tupper is quite within his rights in interfering in a British election, being a British subject, "fully qualified to become a member of parliament of Great Britain, etc." If Sir Charles gives up his office he will certainly be at full liberty to take any part in British politics he may choose, but while he is the official go between of the Canadian and British governments it would be quite natural to find the latter objecting to his endeavoring to secure its defeat. Suppose the Canadian government were to receive a hint that the home authorities could no longer deal with Tupper as high commissioner, would he still stick there. If he did it could only be on account of the remarkably strong hold which his knowledge of "boodle" secrets gives him upon the Dominion government. But of what use would he be to Canada in that event? He is a fearfully expensive luxury now, but the exhibition would be worse if he were to be ignored altogether by the British government.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

President Cleveland firmly adheres to his policy of tariff reform and currency reform, however far his party may get away from him. It is to be feared, though, that his ideas as to free sugar, free coal and free ships will not prevail for some time, for the Democratic majority in the senate has already shown its grievous unreliability. What will be done with the new currency scheme devised by Secretary Carlisle and approved by Mr. Cleveland we cannot pretend to fortell. It is diametrically opposed to the Populist ideas and to the ideas of a good many others who hold by the principle that the paper currency should be issued by the government alone. Mr. Carlisle's plan is no doubt borrowed to some extent from our own banking system, and if he chooses to do so he can cite as a strong argument the greater stability shown by Canada in the recent financial flurry. In connection with this subject a very timely paper by Banker W. C. Cornwell of Buffalo appears in a late number of Bradstreet's. Mr. Cornwell shows that from May 1st to September 1st, 1893, deposits in the United States banks decreased 20 per cent. and in Canadian banks less than 3 per cent. In the same time United States bank loans decreased 12 1-2 per cent. and Canadian 1 1-3 per cent. Mr. Cornwell gives other figures showing graphically the differences between the two systems, and he concludes:

The things that broke confidence in the United States were, first, fear that the government would not maintain gold payments, and second, the inelastic character of the bank situation, under which 240 banking institutions, whose assets were largely in excess of their liabilities, were compelled to suspend, although they were perfectly good and afterwards resumed.

Neither of these conditions existed in Canada. The banks and not the government did the legitimate banking business, and the currency issued by the banks has a most perfect elasticity.

The business conditions in Canada have been somewhat similar to our own during the time under consideration as to dull trade, etc., but with this vital and all important difference that she has had no panic. This is due to difference in conditions as to currency. Canada's bank note circulation, while it increased slightly, was on the 30th June, 1893, (perhaps our hottest panic date), in round numbers $33,500,000, and in November, 1893, $38,000,000. Bank note circulation is limited by the capital of the banks—in round numbers $60,000,000—so that Canada had all this time a wide leeway which was not used.

The New York clearing house certificate saved the United States, after her fearful panic, from collapsing ruin. The elastic quality of Canadian bank currency, the remedy before instead of after disaster, saved Canada from the panic itself.

CRIBBED, CABINED AND CONFINED.

"The producing interest which predominates in their still sparsely populated area has nothing to gain from a protective system which forces it to spend in high priced commodities of local manufacture what it earns in low priced grain sold in the markets of the world. All the promises of the protectionist party have not kept up the price of wheat, and since the producer must go outside the protective ring to sell he would like to go outside also to buy. High tariffs have failed in their protective object."

The above extract from the London Times, referring to Canada, contains a sound and simple lesson in political economy. It not only places an unerring finger upon the fiscal sore that is sapping the vitality of the vast and varied resources of Canada—but it also suggests the remedy. It shows very clearly that under natural conditions, with only the natural law of supply and demand to contend with, the Canadian farmer, even in the face of the prevailing close and critical competition, could export wheat at a fair profit were the tariff restrictions which prevent him from purchasing in the cheapest market removed; but since he can obtain only 865 worth of manufactured goods in exchange for $100 worth of wheat he is additionally weighted in the race by the burden, which reduces the purchasing power of his products fully 33 per cent. But it is by no means wheat alone that is affected by this discouraging and disastrous policy of beggar-my-neighbor. The crippling process extends to each and all of our great natural industries, and the significant utterance of the London Times applies with equal force to the produce of the forests, the mines, the fisheries, animals and their products and agricultural exports generally. The disastrous system of protection compels the capital and labor employed in developing these great industries to purchase high priced commodities of local manufacture with the returns received from the sale of their products in the markets of the world. And it is under the operation of this suicidal policy of commercial isolation that the enormous undeveloped wealth of the country remains dormant.

To invest the question with a local significance, let us take a particular branch of the fishing industry—salmon—and examine it in detail. This industry, like wheat, is being operated under a 35 per cent. handicap. The salmon has to be sold in the open market in direct competition with the salmon of other countries, but the money derived from the sales cannot be expended to advantage in the same open market without the purchases being subjected to a customs tax of 35 per cent. upon their arrival in Victoria. In other words, while $10,000 or $100,000 or $1,000,000 worth of salmon can readily be exchanged in England for the same amount of good and desirable commodities, the cost of such commodities will be increased to $3500, $35,000 or $350,000, as the case may be, by the customs tax of 35 per cent. And should the investment be made in Canada the purchasing power of the proceeds received from the sale of the salmon in the open market will be reduced 35 per cent. In one instance the difference goes into the treasury, in the other the native manufacturers receive the benefit, but in both instances the salmon industry is the sufferer.

Now let us take another example, which at the present juncture may strike home. Let us substitute sealskins for wheat or salmon and the same drawbacks are encountered. The present price of skins is disastrously low. This is the result of a depression in prices generally, and is regulated by the supply and demand. But in addition to this there exists another feature which aggravates the distressing conditions, and that is the tariff which prevents the exchanging of the skins in the British market for British products, unless at a loss of 35 per cent., a tax they are met with upon arrival here. Therefore this local industry must either be abandoned until the dawn of better times or those engaged in it must reduce the first cost of the skins by lowering wages and cutting down expenses. To speak plainly, the sealing industry is being taxed out of existence. During a period of high prices these adverse tariff obstructions are not so striking, but during a period of falling prices and depression the crushing features of the protective policy are plainly apparent. When these periodical visitations of hard times cast a gloom over industry and commerce the strain is always more severely felt by a protected community than it is by a community enjoying freedom of trade. During the prevailing depression free trade England is the only country that shows an increase of foreign trade, while every protected country shows an alarming decrease.

Surely these simple facts demand the attention of men laboriously engaged in commerce, and they should certainly command the earnest attention of the business men in this city. The vast undeveloped wealth of British Columbia can never be developed under the present outrageous fiscal madness. For sixteen years this precious policy of protection has been in full riot, yet as a people we are no better off than we were before it was thrust upon us under the attractive guise of the most gorgeous prophecy and glittering promises. The public debt has in the meantime been doubled, taxation has been enormously increased, trade is declining, while the population—notwithstanding the fact that the government expended $4,000,000 in bringing in 800,000 settlers—has not retained its natural increase. Jobbery has been triumphant and millions have been stolen from the public chest with the connivance of the government. The most disreputable features of Tammany rascality have been introduced into the department of public works, and constituencies have been shockingly debauched to keep the tariff pot at fever heat.

That these disgraceful and discreditable facts are the direct results of protection is too clear for dispute. The true wealth of the country is in its natural resources, but these are cribbed, cabined and confined, and bled to fill the pockets of impudent and domineering combinations, who, in return for this vicious legislation, generously contribute to the campaign funds of the government. Those interests are powerful, clamorous, wealthy and united, while the people who are plundered are scattered, apathetic and without any of the effective elements of organization, therefore the governing power, whose sole object is to hold the reins, practically allows the manufacturing interest to dictate the fiscal policy of the country. Has not the time arrived for a reversal of this pernicious system? A touch of legislative wisdom would promote a healthy and desirable change and regenerate the country. The drooping industries would revive and become vigorous, attracting capital that at present shuns them and affording profitable employment for hundreds of willing, but, at present, idle hands. The application of the axe to the roots of the tree of protection would convert the vast potentiality of wealth into actual riches open to all. Mr. Laurier declared on the floors of parliament that instead of lopping off the mouldering branches he would apply the axe to the roots, and this remark is being used against him by the government supporters in the manufacturing districts. No declaration could be plainer. The subsidized press pretend to see in this lucid and emphatic announcement all the elements of indefiniteness. The London Times—a distinctly impartial authority—interprets them correctly, and in speaking of Mr. Laurier's policy says:

"A large body of public opinion in Canada is still dissatisfied with the burdens of the tariff. Mr. Laurier, the leader of the opposition, has specifically pledged himself, should his party ever be returned to power, to reduce the tariff, to reduce the expenses of administration and to find some solution for the difficulty of heavy freight rates which press upon the production of the west."

And in another paragraph, referring to his recent triumphal tour, adds:

"The late tour of Mr. Laurier, the leader of the Liberal opposition, has shown the enthusiasm which exists in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia for the principle of freer Canadian trade."

Should we not, then, afford Mr. Laurier an opportunity of redeeming his pledges? The policy he so eloquently advocates is an honorable one and distinctly in touch with British traditions. It is the policy for the people and the hope of the country. Let us lift the question out of the narrow groove of party lines and place it upon the higher and broader plain of freedom to all. It is no longer a contest between parties; it is a fight for a great principle—a battle our fathers fought and won in the old country fifty years ago. Let us, therefore, not neglect the opportunity—not throw away the chance—but, hand in hand, conscious of the justice of our cause, march to the polls. Conservative and Liberal together, and decide by the ballot whether we shall be freemen or slaves.

CHABLIS-CHIRAZ.

THINKING

Comes hard to some people; especially in these stringent times when $'s are so hard to get. It behooves every person to study values and prices before investing. For instance when buying clothing (the kind that fits) let them see what a Suit can be made for $20 or a pair of Pants for $5.

Walter D. Kinnaird,
THE CASH TAILOR,
No. 46 Johnson Street.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

The Davie government act more like a crowd of schoolboys than "statesmen," as the late premier used to be so fond of calling the members of his cabinet, among whom were several of the present executive. The people had hardly got over laughing at the Hon. Theodore's appeal to the opposition to give the government the last say in debates when that "famous statesman" rose in his place in the house and stated that it was necessary to adjourn for a few days to allow the government to arrange the estimates. Whoever heard of such a thing being done in any legislature outside of British Columbia, where, unfortunately, a lot of incompetents hold the reins of power? Of course they must be given a little latitude considering the awful mess the provincial finances are in and the many public works that have to be undertaken if the government carry out the promises they made to the electors, which there is no doubt they will do. Vancouver, for instance, is to have a dry dock, which must be large enough to accommodate the Empresses, to cost, say three-quarters of a million dollars, a normal school, about one hundred thousand, and a university, about a quarter of a million, to say nothing of the hundreds of minor improvements that will tend to advance the Terminal City. Then there is the interior of the province, which, according to Davie & Co.'s promises is to receive anywhere from one to two million for improvements, and of course the island must not be forgotten. These figures may appear very large, but it is safe to say that they would not cover the improvements "which are to be made" during the next fiscal year. Even leaving out the promised public works, the members of the executive are no doubt having a very pleasant time trying to make things appear as they should do in the finance minister's budget speech. That speech will be a record breaker as far as excuses are concerned, for they have to excuse themselves for a great many things, not the least of which is their refusal to make public the papers relating to the Nakusp & Slocan railway bonds, which, from all reports, contain some spicy reading in regard to other government loans and the investment of the sinking fund.

Mr. Rithet is already one of the most popular men in the house. He has a way of smoothing over little ripples that arise during debate, and besides drops party questions as soon as the house adjourns, trying to meet the views of those who differ with him in a friendly way. In fact, the opposition, knowing Mr. Rithet to be so fair in every way, were disappointed to see him vote with the government when they refused to produce public documents, the Nakusp & Slocan railway papers, to wit.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Sprains,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

FROM NOW
TILL CHRISTMAS

PENNOCK & LOWE

WILL SELL

JEWELRY
AT COST.

IN REGULAR STOCK—Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Pins, Rings, Bracelets, Bangles, Etc.

IN FANCY GOODS—Opera Glasses, Purses, Etc., and hundreds of small articles in Silver imported specially for the Xmas trade.

PICK OUT WHAT YOU WANT, and we will keep it until you want it. All goods marked in plain figures. It is needless to tell you that this is a

CASH SALE.

63 Government St.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—The office of Dr. M. Wade is now located at 4 Broughton street.

—You can find nearly everything you want on our 25c. and 50c. crockery tables. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co. *

—Greater efforts will be made by the popular firm of Weiler Bros. to meet the demands of Victorians for an extensive exhibition of Christmas gifts. *

—Monuments and all kinds of cemetery work at very low prices. First-class work guaranteed at A. Stewart's, corner Yates and Blanchard streets. See stock and designs. *

—A concert will be given Tuesday evening next by the scholars of Emmanuel Baptist church in Fernwood hall. Mrs. Spofford has charge of the entertainment.

—The Fernwood association footballers have decided to amalgamate with the Wanderers. The Fernwoods will hereafter be known as the Wanderer juniors.

—An enjoyable concert was given last night by the young people of Emmanuel Baptist church. There was a good attendance and an interesting programme was given.

—The annual sale of work of the Willing Workers of Christ church cathedral takes place on the 12th instant. The extravaganza "Abou Hassan" will be presented by the choir boys. Afternoon tea will be served.

—Christian Endeavor Society officers were elected last night as follows: President, Mr. George McCandless; Vice-President, Miss Elsie M. Arthur; Secretary, Mr. John Gill, and treasurer, Miss L. McGregor.

—The steamship City of Puebla sailed for San Francisco last night. The cabin passengers from Victoria were: W. R. Wessell and wife, Mrs. Thompson and two children, Captain R. Buckman, H. P. Sellon, Mrs. Charles Hambey, Miss Isaac, Mrs. T. J. Connor, C. Stevenson, T. Gaffikin and P. W. Lindsay.

—Victoria council, Royal Templars of Temperance, have elected officers for the ensuing year: S. C., H. O'Neill; V. C., J. Molley; Chaplain, H. B. Ball; Secretary, H. McDermid; Financial Secretary, E. Molley; Treasurer, J. Yeo; Herald, H. L. Harding; Guard, M. McGregor, and Sentinel, John Hepburn. Installation will take place at the meeting of the lodge in January.

—Loyal Orange Lodge No. 1426, elected officers last night: Bro. Wm. Jackson, W. M.; Wm. Clarke, D. M.; Isaac Walsh, chaplain; J. Cummins, recording secretary; G. McAfee, financial secretary; John Walsh, treasurer; H. Cummins, R. Beauchamp, H. Smith, A. Wilson and T. Baker were appointed as committeemen. The annual reports showed the lodge to be in a good condition financially.

—A Tacoma dispatch says: "Fourteen pounds of opium were seized on the City of Kingston yesterday, and a box consigned to a Walla Walla Chinaman was seized. A consignment of the drug which appeared on the Victoria manifest, has disappeared, and search is being made for it. It is reported that within the last month 3000 pounds of opium had arrived in Tacoma, 1000 pounds of which were reported as arriving by the Northern Pacific steamship Tacoma."

—Curling tongs and hair brushes at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson. *

—Strong cottonade pants, spring bottom, 75c. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Razors in cases and shaving sets suitable for presents at Fox's. *

—The Columbia Portland Cement company are commencing operations, having erected works at Rock Bay.

—Every one is anxious to see the largest assortment of Christmas gifts, and, as usual, such an assortment will be seen at Weiler's. *

—"We are the people" to buy down quilts from. Have a look at them and you will say so. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company. *

—O'Brien & Varrelman, of the Excelsior brewery, have dissolved partnership. Mr. Varrelman retires and will go east, Mr. O'Brien continuing the business.

—Some beautiful oak upholstered rockers in a variety of striking designs. See them before you buy a Christmas present. The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Company. *

—The sewerage commissioners met this morning and passed a number of accounts and went into some routine business. Nothing of special importance was done. It was the regular monthly meeting of the commission.

—At a meeting of the Presbytery of Victoria, which was held yesterday in First Presbyterian church, the Rev. Dr. Robertson, superintendent of missions, was nominated as moderator of the next General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, which convenes in June in London, Ont.

—The young ladies belonging to the Y. W. C. T. U. will hold an At Home this evening in Temperance hall from 8 to 10 o'clock. A very pleasant evening is anticipated, as every effort has been made to arrange a programme that will interest and entertain all who attend. The young ladies extend an invitation to all interested in their work.

—Perseverance lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., held its weekly meeting last night in Temperance hall. After the opening ceremonies two candidates were initiated. There were several visitors present, and they were regaled with a programme of songs, recitations and instrumental music. Refreshments were served and an unusually pleasant meeting brought to a close.

—The ladies of St. John's church are busy to-day preparing for their fancy fair to-morrow. The school house is being decorated and otherwise prepared for the bazaar. A number of novelties are promised, and the programme to be rendered at the concert to-morrow night is going to be an excellent one. The ladies of St. John's church work with a will on all entertainments of this kind and will make a success of this one.

—At a meeting of the Conservative association last evening it was partly decided to tender Sir Charles Tupper a banquet, and to also arrange a public meeting of electors, which he will address on the occasion of his visit here. The banquet will probably be served at A. O. U. W. hall and the price of tickets will be placed at a low figure. The public meeting will be in the market hall or at the Victoria theatre. The whole matter was left to the executive, which was constituted a reception committee. The executive will meet this evening.

—The hearing of Sam Sing, charged with neglecting to properly care for Jue Sing Sue, the Chinaman who died at the Fort street laundry on Saturday last, was taken up in the police court. P. S. Lampman moved for the dismissal of the case on the grounds of irregularities in the complaint. The court admitted that the papers were not properly drawn, but as they were from the hand of a man not trained legally it was hardly proper to take advantage of a technicality. The hearing of evidence began, but before the prosecution had concluded an adjournment was necessary, and the case went over until to-morrow morning.

—The San Francisco Call publishes a story to the effect that Great Britain is preparing to arm the three Empresses of the Canadian Pacific steamship line and have them in readiness in case of any emergency that might arise in the course of the negotiations for peace between Japan and China. The Call says the guns for the Empress of China have arrived at Yokohama, and the guns for the other boats are to follow. All the guns, it says, will be removed to Esquimalt, where they can be more easily mounted and put in position. Several little incidents are brought in which make the story appear to be true, but nothing official has been heard of the proposed changes here. It is possible, but not probable, that the story is true.

—The Presbytery of Victoria met yesterday afternoon at First Presbyterian church. Almost all of the members were present and Rev. Dr. Campbell, moderator, presided. A large amount of routine business was disposed of, and then several important matters were gone into. The results from the general assembly were disposed of, as were letters from Dr. Cochrane, convener of the home mission committee, impressing upon all the necessity for larger contributions to the mission fund, and from Principal King, of Manitoba College, asking that a special effort be made to secure $2000 to assist the theological department of the college. A call to Rev. P. McF. Macleod from James Bay Presbyterian church with a guarantee of $1000 salary was presented to the presbytery. Rev. Rogers of Wellington and Mr. Shaw of the congregation supported the call. The call was sustained, and was accepted by Mr. Macleod. It was decided to hold a special meeting at James Bay church on Wednesday, the 19th instant, to induct Mr. Macleod. Rev. Rogers was named to preside, Rev. Murison to preach, Rev. Dr. Campbell to address the pastor, and Rev. Mr. MacRae the people. The presbytery adjourned to meet at Nanaimo on the first Tuesday in March.

—Ladies' companions and scissors cases at Fox's.

—American hip boots, pure gum, $4. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. *

—Strong tweed working pants, $1.25, at Marks', 8 Store street. *

—Tenders have been called for ten miles of electric wire, the tenders to be in by Monday next at 4.

—The City of Kingston brought over to-night two thousand sacks of flour, which will be transferred to the Charmer and taken to Vancouver, where it will be placed aboard the Empress of China, outward bound.

—Captain Rice, of the bark Detroit, has received instructions from the owners of the bark not to take any steps till heard from again. The crew will probably be discharged and the bark's cargo placed in another bottom.

HEADS WON.

The Part a Chinaman Played in a Chicken Stealing Case.

Joseph Sanson, Thomas Gray and Alfred Allen stole thirteen chickens from the yard of Mrs. G. A. McTavish's house on Hayward avenue last night, were promptly arrested, brought to trial this morning, were convicted, and have entered upon sentences of 12, 6 and 6 months respectively. Shortly after midnight Allen, the youngest of the trio, was found by Sergeant Hawton and Officers Perdue and Palmer with the chickens in his possession. All thirteen were dead and eleven of them were headless. Allen could give no satisfactory explanation of how they came into his possession and was locked up. When the officers first saw Allen he had two companions, but they left him before the officers came up. The police put in the rest of the night and located the two other men in the persons of Sanson and Gray. Sanson is an old offender. The hearing this morning resulted in a clear case against the accused, the crowning piece of evidence being given by a Chinaman employed by Mrs. McTavish, who would make a character for Conan Doyle. The wily Celestial produced the eleven missing heads, which the thieves had left in the yard, and readily affixed them to the different chickens to which they belonged. "Heads" won that time. The court recognized the familiar faces of Sanson and Gray and severely rebuked them for their offences. Allen he advised to reform.

Mens' Suits.

All wool serge suits at $7.50 a suit. Fine tweed suits at $10. Good suits at such prices are a strict novelty—at least one-third below values. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street.

The greatest bargains ever offered in Victoria. Is better than putting your money in the savings bank, having absolute security. Every workingman or woman should avail themselves of this opportunity and secure a building site, situate on Cowan Avenue, Bank, Amphion or Hulton Streets, off Oak Bay Avenue. Prices $175 to $225 per lot, and on such terms never before offered to the public. Viz. $5 down, $5 per month without interest. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co.

Use Gibbons' Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

LIPTONS' TEAS

Direct from the Sweet-Scented Island, Ceylon.
PURE! FRAGRANT! DELICIOUS!

The Finest the World Can Produce

SOLD BY ALL BEST GROCERS.

These celebrated Teas were awarded **Highest Honors at the World's Fair** and are famed the world over for their Exquisite Aroma, Delicious Flavor, Refreshing Qualities and Great Economy. One pound of Lipton's goes about as far as three pounds of the insipid, flavorless teas presently being sold as finest.

OVER 1,000,000 PACKETS LIPTON'S TEAS SOLD WEEKLY IN ENGLAND, IRELAND & SCOTLAND

They are used in almost every home in the Old Country. All your friends there drink them. Genuine only when supplied in "Original" air-tight canisters bearing the following:

Lipton Tea and Coffee Planter, Ceylon.

Sole proprietors of these celebrated estates in Ceylon: Dambatenne, Laymastotte, Monerakande, Mahadambatenne, Mousskelie, Pooprassie, Hanagalla and Gigranelia. Shipping Warehouses—Colombo and Calcutta. Wholesale Stores—London (Eng.), Liverpool, Glasgow; Belfast and Dublin.

Wholesale Agents: **SIMON LEISER & CO., VICTORIA, B.C.**

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

...THE...
Manchester House!
88 YATES STREET

NEW DRESS GOODS. NEW DRESS GOODS.

Navy and Brown Diagonal Serges.
Black Diagonal Serges.
Black Cashmeres from 60 cents per yard.
Black and Navy French Serges from 50 cents per yard.

Fine Flannelettes, Pinks and Blues, Suitable for Blouses.

A few of those Kid Gloves at 65 cents per pair.

CORSETS! CORSETS!

The B. T. Long Waist Black Corset, $150 per pair.
The C. P. French Corset (Mascot), $2.25 per pair
Yattsi, very easy wearing Corset, $1.50 per pair.
The C. and D. Long Waist Corset, $1.00 per pair.
The Queen, special Corset, 75 cents per pair.
The May, a good Corset, 50 cents per pair.

Ladies' Flannelette Nightshirts from $1.00, $1.50, $1.60 and $2.00.
Ladies' Dressing Gowns, very stylish, $3.00 and $3.50 each.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

A choice selection of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Novelties in Trimmings. All work promptly and neatly done.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, — — T. HAUGHTON & CO.

Boys' Reefer Jackets,

Just received a full line of new goods, in all sizes. See the new style with the large sailor collar. Something nobby for a small boy.

Boys' Odd Pants

A new supply, in all sizes. Prices, 75c. to $1.20. Look at these goods.

W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

IT CAN'T BE DONE!
But I Say, **IT IS DONE**
.. ..
Where? **AT C. E. REDFERN'S,**
Government Street

He is selling English Sterling Silverware cheaper than it can be bought at the co-operative stores. He has just received an immense consignment fresh from the factory. It's the loveliest and freshest lot of goods that have ever been seen in this province in that line.

Go and see for yourself; but make haste, or it will all be gone.

AMUSEMENTS.

PUBLIC - MEETING!

A meeting of the Electors and Citizens of Spring Ridge will be held at the

Baptist Schoolroom.
NORTH CHATHAM STREET

SPRING RIDGE,
—ON—

FRIDAY, December 7th, at 8 p. m.

Ald. W. J. DWYER, - Chairman.

SPEAKERS:

HON. A. N. RICHARDS,
The Liberal Platform.
MR. BYRON H. WEST,
Is Protection Helpful to the Worker?
MR. W. A. ROBERTSON,
Protection Retards Mining.
MR. D. SPRAGGE,
Does Protection Aid the Manufacturer?
MR. GEORGE POWELL,
How Protection Injures Settled Incomes.
MR. W. MARCHANT,
The Injury of Protection to Commerce.

FREE DISCUSSION INVITED.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

SCENES AT PORT ARTHUR

The Japanese Soldiers Showed no Mercy for the Wounded Chinese Soldiers.

Chinese Fleet Desirous of Taking a More Prominent Part in the War.

London, Dec. 4.—The correspondent of the Times telegraphs as follows from Hiroshima: I have just returned from the seat of war and had a conversation with Viscount Mussa Munemitsu, the foreign minister, in regard to the misconduct of the Japanese at Port Arthur. I informed him that I had watched the Japanese army enter the town. The Chinese resisted to the last. I saw Chinese in plain clothes with firearms concealed on their persons. I also found explosive bullets. The Japanese reported that civilians fired upon them from the houses, and they therefore deemed it necessary to exterminate them. The Japanese were further excited by finding the mutilated remains of Japanese prisoners. Some of these prisoners had been burned alive. I saw no resistance in the town during the next four days. The Japanese pillaged the whole town and killed almost every man. Very few women or children were killed. Those who were killed were probably killed unintentionally. I saw scores of Chinese prisoners pinioned, disemboweled and dismembered. Many bodies were partially buried. The foreign minister expressed himself as intensely surprised and grieved. Hitherto, he added, the Japanese army had been admired for its humanity and discipline. He was unwilling to believe it possible that they acted as reported or to express an opinion on the subject until a detailed official report arrived. Meanwhile he authorized me to say that he was certain the government was sincerely determined to act on principles of humanity and civilization, and was firmly resolved to maintain the honor of Japan and refute Chinese slanders. I am satisfied the government desires neither to conceal the truth nor to permit slanders.

A Cheefoo dispatch to the Times says it is reported that the Chinese fleet is desirous of taking a more prominent part in the war. The fleet was seen off Weihaiwei, but has now disappeared. Weihaiwei is strongly defended. The Chinese fleet was still inside the harbor. Reinforcements are being poured in from the land side. General Chang is in command. He is a brave and competent officer, and is assisted by several foreigners. The Chinese people fear that if peace is made the disbanded troops will commit outrages. In a few day's time all traffic north will close.

The Japanese will have to act quickly if they intend to attack Pekin. The last reliable reports received in Cheefoo state that Japan has informed the American minister that she will negotiate if China sues for peace. This China has done, so an armistice is likely to be arranged.

A dispatch from Berlin states that China has accepted the English offer of a 4 1-2 per cent. loan of £1,200,000.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The Figaro urges France to temporarily occupy some point in China as a reply to the English demonstration at Chusan, which it interprets as an intention to occupy the island.

Tokio, Dec. 4.—Peace negotiations are proceeding. The minister of foreign affairs has handed to United States Minister Dun a counter proposition for transmission to United States Minister Denby. Owing to the secrecy surrounding the negotiations it is impossible at this stage to discover the exact nature of this counter proposition, but it is supposed to differ from Minister Denby's original proposition mainly in respect to the amount of indemnity named by Japan and in the addition of certain rather onerous guarantees for the faithful execution of China's pledge. It is rumored that one of these guarantees is the continuation of the Japanese occupation of Port Arthur until the treaty conditions are fulfilled, and it is apprehended that such a demand may involve Great Britain, to which nation such occupation would be obnoxious.

Yokohama, Dec. 4.—Mr. Detring, the envoy who visited Japan for the purpose of negotiating a peace, and whose mission proved a failure, the prime minister declining to meet him, has written a private letter to the prime minister denying that he was sent to Japan by Li Hung Chang.

According to the semi-official press, Japan has decided to insist upon heavy conditions of peace, which will be increased as the war is prolonged. If the war is concluded now Japan would accept 400,000,000 yen and the cession of the territory now occupied by her forces. If Taku and Shanhaikwan cannot be attacked this winter because of the climate, the war will be pushed in other parts of China. No armistice will be granted unless China formally sues for peace and surrenders Pekin and gives other pledges in proportion to the demands of Japan. It must be stipulated that Japan's power is absolute.

London, Dec. 4.—The Central News says that China has offered all the money that the treaty powers are likely to allow Japan to claim as indemnity on the basis of a 4 1-2 per cent. gold loan, secured by the uncharged revenues of the treaty ports.

The Central News correspondent in Shanghai says that the British steamer Guy Mannering is landing there from Hamburg war material valued at $175,000.

A Central News dispatch from Chee Foo says that Commissioner Dietring, who returned on Sunday from Japan, repeated in an interview to-day the statements he made on Monday, that he was empowered to negotiate for peace with Japan in the name of the Chinese board of foreign affairs and that he was recalled because the negotiations for peace had passed into the hands of the American ministers to Japan and China. Commissioner Detring added that Col. Hanneken, commander-in-chief of the Chinese forces, is raising 100,000 soldiers to be officered entirely by Europeans, mostly Germans. Some of these officers have already arrived and others are on their way to China. Seven thousand soldiers have been ordered to reinforce Tung Chow, 50 miles west of Chee Foo, and are being supplied from Wei-Hai-Wei.

The Standard's Paris correspondent says: "It is rumored in diplomatic quarters here that France means to have a share if the powers seize any territory in the event of the disruption of China. It is supposed that she covets Formosa, which Admiral Courcet blockaded in 1884, occupying Kelung and the mines in the vicinity. Anyhow, it is doubtful whether she will allow Japan or any other power to seize Formosa without protest. It is understood here that the Japanese have set their hearts on signing a treaty of peace in Pekin. The Japanese minister here stated recently that Japan meant to have a treaty of Pekin, as the Europeans have a treaty of Paris."

A dispatch from Seoul, Corea, dated December 3, says: "Count Inouye, the Japanese minister, is taking vigorous measures to restore internal order. Radical changes are being made in the departments of the interior, justice and education. A combined force of Japanese and Coreans, was conveyed by steamer to Asan, and marched thence to Kong Ji to attack the Tong Haks. This force routed thousands of the Tong Haks and killed a large number."

Tokio, Dec. 4.—Japan has notified China that no further peace proposals will be considered unless by a regularly accredited ambassador from the Chinese court. At the same time Japan reminds China that it is not Japan which is suing for peace. Japan is dissatisfied with China's temporising policy and claims that China is seeking concessions in advance of a formal conference looking to a settlement.

BODLEIAN LIBRARY.

An Appeal For Help For The Famous Oxford Institution.

An appeal for help has recently been made by the Bodleian library at Oxford, which is the largest university library in the world, and is surpassed by only five national libraries, the Bibliothique Nationale at Paris, the British museum, the imperial library at St. Petersburg, and the royal libraries at Munich and Berlin. It receives for all purposes $45,000 a year, and needs money to support its staff; to prepare its catalouge which is now years behind the times; to beat the portrait gallery; to repair the building, the finest public edifice of the time of James I., and to provide shelves for books in the Ashmolean museum, which has just been put at its disposal. The Bodleian contains over half a million volumes, the separate titles in the catalouge amounting to a million and a half; the new accessions of books and pamphlets are nearly 60,000 a year; it has the second largest numismatic collection in the British empire. Books and coins are declared by the librarian to be in a staff of chaos owing to the lack of funds; the library needs at least $75,000 to be kept efficient, as Oxford, owing to the agricultural depression, is too poor to support its own library.

Keep your blood pure and healthy and you will not have rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness.

CANADA

Coupon---Part 9.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents (12 cents if to be sent by mail), to the Times office, Broad St., Victoria, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per above number.

N.B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

SALVATIONISTS PLEASED.

Think They Will Be Allowed to Enter Russia.

New York, Dec. 5.—The members of the Salvation Army here are very highly pleased with the courteous and kindly reply which the new Czar of Russia, has made to the telegraphic dispatch of congratulation sent to him from London by General Booth. Some of them take this unexpected reply as an indication that Nicholas II will be more favorable to the Salvationists than his father was. They even think that the Salvation Army may hereafter be allowed to organize and operate in the great northern empire. Up to this time it has not been permitted to enter Russia and even the name of Booth has been interdicted by the press censor. The sanguine opinions entertained by many Salvationists here are wholly discredited by an officer of the army who is acquainted with the Russian system. He says that the new Czar's reply to General Booth was merely of a prefunctory nature, resembling hundreds of other acknowledgments made in his name, of the congratulations which he had received. The Salvation officer adds that it would be impossible for bodies of uniform religionists to march up and down Russia blowing their trumpets, singing hymns, holding mass meetings and preaching in the street. It would be in violation of Russian law, the authority of the Greek church, the police methods, the customs of the people and the peace of the country. It is probable, however, that some of the English members of the Salvation Army will soon petition the new Czar for permission to enter Russia in order to render services in the line of "rescue work" such as is not performed by the orthodox church and has never been attempted by the other churches.

CLEVELAND'S MESSAGE.

What the English Papers Have to Say About It.

London, Dec. 4.—The Standard says in a leader on President Cleveland's message: "The proposed change of the banking laws can in no way put cash into the treasury for present or future demands, but it may do much to intensify existing dangers. In one way alone can the gold reserve of the treasury be replenished without risk, namely, by changing budget deficits into surpluses and accumulating the latter in gold. Secretary Carlisle's provisions tend directly to make a deprecated paper currency redundant and therefore seem weak and most impolitic. His proposal proclaims that the currency problem is one which the Democrats even yet dare not meet squarely."

The Daily News says: "The transfer of the responsibility from the treasury to the banks undoubtedly is sound finance. The system has stood the test of practical working in Canada. There is plenty of gold in the United States, but its collection and its retention obviously are not duties of the government under the ordinary conditions of national existence. The continuance of the task under present conditions obviously would lead sooner or later to difficulty and disaster."

The Daily Chronicle eulogizes Mr. Cleveland's dogged persistence in advocating the policy of reform, which his discredited party has neither the courage nor conscience to pursue. "As to the banking proposals," it said, "So long as the treasury acts as a disturbing force in the New York money market we do not see how American finance can be placed on a sound foundation."

The Times says: "Secretary Carlisle's scheme is well devised, and probably the best possible under the circumstances. If it could be passed through congress the monetary situation would be materially improved, although further reforms would still be needed."

Use Gibbon's Tootache gum, sold druggists.

To Make a Doughnut

"Take a hole and put some dough around it, then fry in lard." This simple recipe has brought thousands to grief, just because of the frying in lard, which as we all know hinders digestion. In all recipes where you have used lard, try

Cottolene

the new vegetable shortening and you will be surprised at the delightful and healthful results. It is without unpleasant odor, unpleasant flavor or unpleasant results. With COTTOLENE in your kitchen, the young, the delicate and the dyspeptic can all enjoy the regular family bill of fare.

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts.,
MONTREAL.

FREE

This illustration represents a very attractive pocket pin cushion. Ask your Grocer for one.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

HURRAH!
ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI
Is the best thing in the world for Athletes.
It allays thirst and invigorates the system.
Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you

FUEL.

COAL. COAL.

Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal

Telephone No. 449.

G. GAWLEY.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Popular and Scenic Route

TO THE EAST.

The Great Transcontinental Route from Pacific to Atlantic without change of cars. Through Daily Sleepers to all points east.

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul without change.

ROYAL : MAIL : STEAMSHIP : LINE
—TO—
CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Short Route to the Orient.

For rates and all information apply to—

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.
cor. Fort and Governm't St.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist Passenger Agent. Vancouver, B.C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

TIME TABLE NO. 21

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS	NORTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	Miles from Victoria.
Ar. 12:30 P M Lv.		VICTORIA	Lv. 8:00 A M Ar.	
12:35	2	ESQUIMALT	7:50	2
12:47	6	COLWOOD	7:40	6
12:57	9	GOLDSTREAM	7:30	9
1:04	12	SUMMIT SIDING	7:23	12
1:09	14	COBBLE HILL	7:18	14
1:20	19	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7:07	19
1:35	25	KOKSILAH	6:52	25
1:41	28	DUNCANS	6:46	28
1:51	33	MAPLE BAY	6:36	33
2:00	38	SAMSONS	6:27	38
2:05	41	CHEMAINUS	6:22	41
2:15	47	OYSTER BAY	6:12	47
2:25	53	NANAIMO	6:02	53
Ar. 2:30 P M Lv.	56	"TEE-KWON"	Lv. 6:00 A M Ar.	56

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncans or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

HONOLULU, BY O. R. & N. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, December 22nd, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New S.S. "Ion" Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa—Thursday, December 13, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent.
R. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

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Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

WALLA WALLA, - - DEC. 9

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,
Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PRICES Men's MACKINTOSHES, $5, $7.50 and $10. Gents' FINE OVERCOATS, $7, $8, $10. Men's WINTER SUITS, $6, $7.75 and $8.50. BOY'S SUITS, $1.20, $2 and $2.50. Also CARDIGAN JACKETS, MELISSA and RIGBY Waterproofs, Fine UNDERWEAR, Etc., at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. **B. WILLIAMS & CO.**

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR

Seasons' Work of the Kootenay Photo Topographical Survey Party.

Negotiations Respecting Operation of the Nakusp and Slocan Railway.

Nelson Tribune.

The gold excitement at Kaslo is like Banquo's ghost, it will not down. Neither snow nor frost nor none other of the elements dampen the ardor of the local gold bugs. On Friday night of last week a number of the boys were out staking claims by the light of lanterns. John Keen was called out of bed at five o'clock in the morning to issue a free miners' certificate to a gold hungry man. The same afternoon ten claims were recorded as soon as the recording office was opened. Claim jumping, it is said, is getting to be fashionable, and many fine points of the placer mining act are discussed in hotels and saloons. The Kaslo'te now who does not pack a vial in his vest pocket and exhibit a few small nuggets and dust on the slightest provocation is not really in it. Billy Lynch, who is a veteran among the sluice boxes and other dicta of placer mining, is of the opinion that from $4 to $5 a day diggings will be found on the creek; that the wash is a very old one, and that the diggings will be pot holes and not a continuous pay streak. He is now superintendent for a local syndicate that have their headquarters at the Hotel Slocan.

Ore is again moving from several of the mines in Slocan district. The sleigh road from Sandon to Three Forks is in pretty good condition and the raw hide trails will soon be. Four-horse teams now haul fifty hundred from the Slocan Star to Three Forks, and if the animals were fed oats they would haul as much more. The Gillis boys have the contract for hauling the Noble Five ore, and a contract has been awarded to another party for the Rico ore. W. H. Taylor, superintendent of the Bluebird, is making arrangements to ship from a claim he has about a mile above Sandon.

About sixty of the men at work on the Idaho-Alamo mines road struck this week for a raise in wages—they were getting $2.50 and wanted $3. As the road is nearing completion they were paid off. Several snowslides have come down on the road lately, a man getting caught in one. He was dug out, uninjured.

Eighty tons of Silver King ore are in the ore shed at the government wharf, and forty tons more are being sacked for shipment, part of which will go to Omaha and part to another smelter. The returns from the shipment to Omaha were very satsifactory.

The Drewry photo-topographical survey party has been compelled to quit work, because of the snow fall on the high mountains. The fore part of the season was spent in idleness, on account of the dense smoke from the forest fires; but when the party got down to work they covered a large area of country. Mr. Drewry roughly estimates the area covered at 15,000 square miles, which is 10,000 more than were covered last season. Surveys were made as follows: Of the country lying between the outlet and Sixteen-mile creek, on the north and south, and between Kootenay lake and Toad mountain, on the east and west; between Fry and Lockhart creeks on the north and south, and Kootenay lake and western boundary of East Kootenay; and between the Outlet and Woodberry creek, on the south and the north, and west from Kootenay lake to the summit of the mountains. Much of the country covered shows no indication of mineral, and little of it is even suitable for grazing. At the head of Sixteen-mile creek is a basin, embracing four or five thousand acres, in which cattle could be grazed for three or four months in the year, the grass growing luxuriantly. A trail could be made to the basin either by way of Mill creek, which empties into the Outlet at Buchanan's old saw mill, or up the east fork of Cottonwood Smith creek, near Nelson. The distance over either would not be more than 15 miles. There is also some fine land on Crawford's bay, on the east side of Kootenay lake. Next season Mr. Drewry expects to survey the country lying between Slocan and Kootenay lakes.

All the parties interested in taking over the Nakusp and Slocan railway are now on the coast arranging the terms of the deal. It is said that the Canadian Pacific will take the road over on the 15th of this month, provided the promoters of the Nakusp and Slocan railway put up money enough to repair the road in the spring. It being held by the Canadian Pacific officials that the road is likely to be damaged by snowslides and spring freshets.

Nelson Miner

Antiquarian discoveries are a new feature in the history of Kootenay. A tunnel thirty feet long has just been discovered on the Grady group. Its mouth was concealed by the debris poured into it at the time of the great slide. It was owing to this slide that the valuable ore on that group was discovered, but this recently found tunnel must have been made prior to its occurrence. A clue to its excavators has been found in the stream that flows several thousand feet below. Here an old pan marked "Sacramento, 1869," has been found and also two ancient picks. These latter had been stuck into a tree which in its subsequent growth had almost enveloped them with its bark.

The many voyagers on the steamer Nelson will miss with regret the popular Captain Hayward, who has left the company's service. He is succeeded by Captain McMorris whose place as purser is now filled by C. Wright of Ainsworth. It is rumored that Captain Hayward may yet again steer another craft across the calm bosom of Kootenay lake and we hope the rumor is true.

E. S. Miller was in town on Thursday on his way to Colville. He reports work at the Wonderful going on well. About 40 tons of ore are sorted ready for shipment and another hundred will shortly be added. The lower tunnel has not yet cut the vein but it is expected very shortly to do so.

A GOOD PRECEDENT.

Catholic Priest Lectures at the Union Theological Seminary.

New York, Dec. 5.—For the first time in the history of the Union Theological Seminary its lecture platform was occupied last evening by a priest of the Roman Catholic church. It has been the custom for the past few years for the members of the Homiletical society, an association composed of students belonging to the senior classes, to invite clergymen of various denominations to address them at certain periods on subjects pertaining to the ministry, to which the most prominent pulpit orators and thinkers of all shades of Protestant belief have responded. It was left, however, for this season's course of lectures, the topic being "Methodist Preaching," to include one from a representative Roman Catholic communion, the Rev. Alexander P. Doyle, of the Paulist Fathers, who has done more to elevate the character of preaching in the Roman Catholic church than any other man. The chairman said:

"I am glad to welcome Father Doyle here as a representative of the great mother church of Christendom, whose head recently issued a touching appeal for the reunion of the church. It breathed a spirit like the Master himself."

In opening his remarks Father Doyle said:

"When the invitation came to me to address the Homiletical Society of the Union Theological Seminary, through my highly esteemed friend Dr. Briggs, I thought it would not only be an error of judgment on my part to refuse it, but I would be guilty of neglect in my devotion to one of the great principles of my life, for it would be casting aside one of those rare opportunities of healing the breach of religious dissension and securing Christian unity. I have always made it a settled purpose to sit on the same platform with my brethren of other denominations whenever it was possible without sacrificing my principle of dogmatic faith. It goes without saying that all our religious misunderstandings and most of our religious antipathies arise from the fact that we do not know each other well enough. Ignorance of each other's opinions and want of appreciation of each other's motives have often led us to impute false ideas and extravagant notions to each other, while a better knowledge and broader charity would have united us in common brotherhood."

MR. GRINDLEY RESIGNS.

As General Manager of the Bank of British North America.

The agents and branch managers of the Bank of British North America have received a circular from the court of directors in London, advising that they have accepted the resignation of Mr. R. R. Grindley, who for more than two years has expressed a wish to be relieved of his duties, for which he found his strength increasingly inadequate. In making this announcement the circular advises that Mr. H. Stikeman has been appointed general manager to succeed Mr. Grindley, the change to take place on the 1st of January next, and closes with the following high compliment: "The court desire, in conclusion, to express their great appreciation of the invaluable services which Mr. Grindley has rendered to the bank, not only by long and faithful devotion to the interests of the bank, but by those personal qualities which have enabled him to so fully maintain the dignity of his position, and to earn the highest esteem of the court of directors, the shareholders and the public."

Mr. Grindley, to whom this high honor is paid, came to this country from England in the service of the bank in the year 1854. After spending some ten years in St. John, N. B., after being appointed manager of that branch, he came to Montreal, where he occupied the high position of general manager for 18 years.

Mr. H. Stikeman, the general manager elect, entered the London office of the bank in the year 1869. For thirteen years he represented the bank in New York city, first as second agent, then as first. Since that time he has held most responsible positions throughout Canada, and coming to Montreal as assistant general manager two years ago.—Montreal Gazette.

A Great Battle—

Is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain the victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag the victim to the grave. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore bodily health for many years.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sickness, indigestion and biliousness. 25c.

—Gentlemen's fine shoes in lace or gaiter, $1.50. Marks, 8 Store street. *

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

YACHTING.

DUNRAVEN'S CONTENTIONS.

London, Dec. 4.—Interviews obtained by the United Press correspondent with several of Lord Dunraven's yachting friends indicate that no challenge for the America cup will be sent this year. The yachtsmen object to the cup committee's desire to abandon the conditions of the Vigilant and Valkyrie contest. The consensus of opinion is that no challenge will be issued in 1894 if the New York Yacht club endorse the commission's conclusion as to the holding of the cup in case Lord Dunraven wins it. If there is to be a contest in 1896 they say these two conditions will be absolutely necessary

First—That the race be sailed on terms identical with those in the Vigilant-Valkyrie contests; second, that ten months' notice be given in such a time that it will be possible to fix the date for the match early in September. The argument for this time of year is supported by quotations from Nat Herreshoff's article on yachting in the Badminton series.

Mr. Herreshoff's opinion, as expressed in this article, is that no satisfactory racing is possible in October. Even if the challenge be sent immediately the cup race could not be sailed before the beginning of October, and consequently the contest would be decided in what, according to Mr. Herreshoff, is the worst yachting season in New York waters. If the negotiations continue a month longer the match will be altogether impossible.

Lord Dunraven thought after the last negotiations that the present question would not be brought under discussion again. A person fully acquainted with Lord Dunraven's views said yesterday:

"The club committee say that the arrangements made is an addition to the deed itself, which is held to cover the contests completely. Now this is exactly what English yachtsmen will not allow. If the New York yachtsmen want confirmation of this contention they have only to refer to the Royal London Yacht club's report of November 28, 1887. The invitation was that the English yachtsmen challenged under a new deed of gift. The secretary wrote in his reply that the new conditions, namely, the dimensions clause and the ten months' notice, were not of such a nature as, in his opinion, was calculated to promote sport, since they deterred British yacht owners from challenging for the cup.

The Morning Post publishes in a leader the facts obtained by the United Press correspondent from Lord Dunraven's friends. The writer dwells upon the failure to arrange the match for which the first Valkyrie was built, mentioning as the causes the new deed of October, 1887, and the diversity of opinion among yachtsmen on both sides of the Atlantic. As to the fairness of the conditions made in the deed the writer says:

"The conditions seem to doom international racing, but Lord Dunraven's arrangement by which the contest of 1893 was secured was satisfactory. It seems a pity to wake up old grievances now, especially when the challenger is thereby placed in an unenviable position. The committee's reply is tantamount to saying: 'Whatever may have been the arrangement on the last occasion, the present committee wish it understood that they hold to the same view as in 1889. But it is certain that no challenge will be sent unless the conditions be identical with the last ones and the race be sailed early in September.'"

VERY MUCH MARRIED.

A Lady Who Stood at Hymen's Altar a Dozen Times.

Elkhart, Ind., Dec. 5.—The story comes from Marshal county that Mrs. Blackwood, whose remarkable matrimonial career has been given wide publicity, is about to be married to her 12th husband, she having been divorced from husband number eleven. Mrs. Blackwood was married when fifteen years old. One husband has succeeded another in rapid succession until her matrimonial career is without parallel in the divorce courts of this state. Six of her husbands were divorced, one was killed and four died. One of her husbands was an ex-convict, whose pardon she secured from Joliet penitentiary and whose death shattered a happy union. The man who had worn the stripes was her third husband whom she chanced to meet on a visit to the Illinois prison. Mrs. Blackwood is only 40 years old. She was well educated and socially popular.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MILLING AND MINING COMPANY, (LIMITED).

Assessment No. 25.

Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above named company, payable at the company's office, No. 48 Langley street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the 31st day of December, 1894, from and after which date all shares on which said call shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, to be dealt with according to law. By order of the Board of Directors. Victoria, 1st December, 1894.

d4td GEO. A. SARGISON, Sec'y.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Truss than by all other devices combined. They retain larger Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination as mail. 97 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 180 King St. W., Toronto.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Liberal Association

A meeting of the Executive Committee will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) evening at 8 p.m. in the library, Times Building.

G. L. MILNE, President.

Queen City Building, Loan and Savings Association.

The sixth sale of a preference in the Queen City Building Loan and Savings Association, Limited, will be held on Wednesday, the 5th December next, at 8 p.m., in the office of the association, 46 Fort street. The preference offered will be on ten shares of $1,000, and the bidding will be per share of $100.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned. By order.

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 29th, 1894. n29-td

Bank of British Columbia

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent.) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE, Manager.

Bank of British Columbia, Victoria, 28th November, 1894.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

oc8-tf

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

oc9-tf

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th day of January, 1895 unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next sitting by George Meldram for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in and upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, from James Wishart and G. G. Meldram to said G. G. Meldram.

Dated this 15th day of September, A.D. 1894.

JAMES WISHART, GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM BAINES.

Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894

NOTICE.

is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Jean Coigdarripe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.

n7-1m CHAS. MURISET.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting to be held in December for a transfer to John P. Schmidt of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises known as the Nickle Plate Saloon at No. 85 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, November 12th, 1894.

THOMAS GARVIN.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its setting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.

n7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS, 46 Langley Street. Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testator, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL, 12 Bastion Square, Victoria, Solicitor for the Executors.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-1m

Notice of Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John Coltart and Louis H. Jenns, under the firm name of Coltart & Jenns, 72 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved from the 23rd day of November, 1894, by mutual consent, Mr. L. H. Jenns retiring from the said firm. The business of the Atlas Assurance Co., and the United Fire Insurance Co. will in future be carried on at 72 Government street by myself. All accounts due by the said firm of Coltart and Jenns will be settled on presentation to me, and all debts owing must be paid to me.

JOHN COLTART.

November 29, 1894. nov30-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NEWS.

Police Commissioners Appoint Officers Recommended by the Council.

Nanaimo, Dec. 5.—Judge Harrison contributes a lengthy article to the Free Press concerning the remarks made by Judge Crease at the recent assize. Among many things he states the reason the county court judge cannot become one of the police commissioners is because he is not a resident in the city. The citizens think it is about time a third commissioner was appointed.

The police commissioners have appointed the police officers recommended by the city council.

The wife of J. H. Davidson expired early yesterday morning after a long illness. The funeral will take place from the residence of Mrs. Lee on Friday afternoon.

Several attempts have been made lately to float a daily newspaper in the city, but each attempt has failed owing to want of capital. A scheme is now under way to start a semi-weekly, and providing it meets with success it will eventually be merged into a daily.

Take a Little Money

And buy a lot of toys at Russell and McDonald's, 134 Douglas street. tf

WERE NOT ON HAND.

The Old Men's Home Enquiry Was not Held To-Day.

To-day was set for the provincial government enquiry into the management at the Old Men's Home. Caretaker Sutherland had everything ready; he even did not forget to provide a very palatable dinner, but the commission of enquiry did not put in an appearance. Enquiries were made by telephone, but no satisfactory replies were received; the clerk in the law office of Premier Davie replied "It would not probably be held to-day." The question was asked by Caretaker Sutherland by telephone. When the members of the committee were at the home a few days ago, they inspected the building and examined the clothing. Caretaker Sutherland was served with a list of charges concerning which the enquiry will be held. The charges were written down and handed to the caretaker. They read:

McFadden charges: 1. Keeping him without medicine; 2. Keeping for his own (caretaker's) use articles of clothing sent to the home.

Copeland charges the caretaker with keeping three and a half pair of blankets, bedspread and hat (Simpson's effects). Caretaker wears clothes belonging to home.

McKenna charges the caretaker with appropriating $57.

McFadden charges Sutherland that he took away chickens and did not return others.

(Signed.) THOS. E. KITCHEN.

Caretaker Sutherland said: "This enquiry is certainly a surprise to me. They came upon me unawares. At first I felt not inclined to give the commission information, believing that the home was a civic institution, and that the government had nothing to say. One enquiry has already been held by the mayor and council and I understood that settled the affair. I was exonerated by that enquiry and I think that a man once tried and exonerated cannot again be tried on the same charges. However, the members of the commission convinced me of my mistake. I communicated with the city council and have received orders from that body to do everything in my power to further the enquiry, and I shall do as instructed by the council. I have nothing to conceal. I feel satisfied that a hundred enquiries will not bring forth a little more testimony of a reliable character against me. But, since the powers that be want the enquiry, my only course is to submit, which I do, fully believing that the result of this second investigation will be the same as the first, and, that for the fact of two enquiries having been held, my good name will be doubly redeemed in the eyes of the public."

"Since McFadden left the home, how have things been?"

"Well," replied the caretaker, as he drew nearer to the table at which he and the newspaper man were seated, "You could not believe the change; it is a regular metamorphosis. The home is getting on first class, and there is not half as much trouble with the inmates. Many of the inmates, who were influenced by McFadden, have turned over a fresh leaf and we all get along very well. Poor old Plummer has gone to Scotland, you know. He gave me a great deal of trouble, but then I was sorry to lose him. I hope that he will be well treated in his new home."

Good Xmas Presents.

Fine carving sets and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government sereet.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Probabilities Next 24 Hours.

Wednesday, Dec. 5.—Colder, northwest wind, changing to slightly warmer in the evening. A warm Rigby Cape Overcoat will be the most suitable garment to wear to-day. You ought never to go out in the evening without your Rigby.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

Brief Locals.

—Mr. J. Johnston, manufacturing stationers' agent, is now in the Kirk block.

—The City of Kingston brought 150 tons of wheat to Victoria last night for local mills.

—Mrs. Blodgett lectured before a fair audience in the rooms of the Theosophical Society last night. The lecture was listened to with great interest. The lady lecturer showed herself well acquainted with the subject matter of her lecture. This evening Mrs. Blodgett will address the members of the association.

—There has been no conference as yet between the committee of the sealing owners and the committee from the hunters, but it is very likely that there will be one very soon. Many of the hunters are not prepared to accept the terms of the owners, but they do not present an unbroken front in their demand. But few men aside from the Indian crews have been signed as yet. The hunters have had a number of conferences already.

—Henry Walsh was brought before Mr. Justice Drake this morning to elect trial on a charge of attempting to escape from the provincial jail. The prisoner elected to be tried before a judge without a jury and pleaded guilty to the charge. Mr. Hussey, superintendent of the police, informed his lordship that the prisoner had been before the court before on two or three other charges, two on supplying liquor to Indians and another charge of jail breaking. His Lordship, after a few brief remarks, sentenced the prisoner to twelve months in jail.

—The first of the cases growing out of the fan tan war in Chinatown is on for hearing before Magistrate Macrae this afternoon. Lee Hing Yung is the defendant, and he is charged with obtaining money under false pretences. It is alleged against him that he levied tribute for protection that did not protect. P. S. Lampman appeared for the prosecution and Lindley Crease for the defence. The first witness had hardly concluded as the Times went to press. He swore that the contribution was made to Lee and that there was a threat of trouble if it was not forthcoming. There were over one hundred Chinese in court for the hearing.

PERSONAL.

Geo. E. Lane, Detroit, is at the Driard.

Arthus G. S. Potts left for England last night.

W. Worden, Nanaimo, is a guest at the Oriental.

C. H. Fields, Montreal, is staying at the Victoria.

R. J. Woods, Naas River, came to town last night.

Miss Garasche left for Seattle last night by the Kingston.

Ex-Mayor Townsend, Westminster, is at the New England.

Archer Martin, Winnipeg, registered at the Driard last night.

V. O. Hammon, Ottawa, Ill., arrived in the city this morning.

S. Tingler and family, Ashcroft, have apartments at the Driard.

Rev. Father Assistelefft for Cincinnati last night by the Northern Pacific.

Thos. P. Reed and wife, Cariboo, have apartments at the Victoria.

Percy Dickinson returned to the Sound by the City of Kingston last night.

Mrs. F. J. Batley and children, of Port Townsend, are visiting relatives in the city.

A. J. Jenkins, Nanaimo, arrived in the city last night and registered at the Oriental.

G. Mahrer, Nanaimo, and Wm. H. Roden, San Francisco, are guests at the New England.

John T. Tibbalt, Three Rivers, came to town last night. He is stopping at the Victoria.

Mrs. W. H. Ellis and children and Miss Ellis returned from the east yesterday. Mr. Ellis met them at Spokane.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—C Butler, T T Gore, R Carr, J Brady, R M Ross, F Topping, Mrs Devon, Geo Buckler, H R Davis, K U Beck.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J Lubbe, Miss Fielding, W H Igne, H Darcey, J Tebu:t, P C D Freezer, A Millay, H Reid, Capt Walbran, Miss Dawson, Hy Croft, J H Todd, A J Bierre, J C Chipman, A McQueen, E R Vernon, W B Townsend, J D Forester, F J L Tytler, Fred Martin, T H Young, Rev. T Baldwin, Miss Mabel Clark, T P Reed, Mrs Reed.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—V O Hammon, W H Merritt, Miss Stoddard, H E Connon, D C Farwell, Capt. T Powers, W D Bentley.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Shelton & Co, Can Gen Elec Co, Hudson Bay Co, B & K, B O & G, Lenz & Leiser, H Young & Co, Lowenberg & Co, Beerburg, S & A, C B, L Goodacre, Gam Fook Yuen, E B Blackwood, C C & B T Westwood, J Hayes, J McMillan & Co, M Gutman, J G Cleaver, L H Hillar, V Ganom, L Guednkie.

Per steamer Walla Walla from San Francisco—A Stewart, A Ohlsen, A & W Wilson, A J McClellan, C Braund & Co, D H Ross & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E G Prior & Co, Gam Fook Yuen, G A McCullock, Griffin & Skelly, Henry Short & Son, H A Lilly, Hong Wu, Hudson Bay Co, H Clay, J & A Clearihue, John Barnsley & Co, J H Stratford, Kurtz & Co, L Dickinson, Northwest Produce Co, order Bank of B C, On Hing Bros, P McQuade & Son, R P Rithet & Co, Redon & Hartmgie, S Leiser, Speed Bros, Sere & Co, Shallcross & M Co, Todd & Son, Thos W Fletcher, the Colonist Ptg Co, Dom Marget Co, Vic Elec Ry & Lt Co, Wilson Bros, W M Goodchild, Beatty & Hall, C S Phillips, Chas Anderson, F R Stewart, J C Hutchinson, McMillan & Hamilton, Winch & Bowes, Reid & Curcie Iron Wks Co, G Dungan, Lum Kee, A Pglegrinelle, D Pichtti, G Dishers, G R Ashwell & Sons, Wells Fargo Co for E B Marvin & Co, Wells Fargo for Mrs P R Fearn, Geo E Munro, R U Beck, and Wells Fargo Co.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Jas Robertson, J H Todd & Son, Jno Earsman, A Baker, Braden Bros, City Plumbing Co, G E Munro, Hinton & Perry, L White & Co, T S Smith, H Bornstein, Capt Anderson, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Fred Carne, Johns Bros, Okell & Morris, Ramsay Bros, Small & Piddock, Vic Fishing & Trading Co, Vic Elec Ry & Lt Co, W Blackie, Wm Knox, Dom Express.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Shallcross MacAuley & Co, Valo & Brooks, B C Mfg & P Co, D C Farwell.

—Cold in the head—Nasal Balm gives instant relief; spedily cures. Never fails.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

FINE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Thursday, 6th Dec., at 11 a.m.

I have been instructed by mortagee to sell on the premises, No. 7 Richardson St., between Vancouver and Cook streets, all the household effects, consisting of elegant drawing room suite, Wilton carpets, pictures, hanging lamps, German window blinds, lace curtains, bric-a-brac, fine oak sideboard and dining table, dining chairs, clock, sofa, plated ware, cruets, pickle jars, b. dish, spoons, forks, glassware, plaques, flower bowls, dinner and tea sets, crumb cloth, lot of standard books, pictures, hall fixtures, two handsome oak bedroom suites, full size, with patent spring mattress and top horse hair ditto, feather pillows, blankets, linen, carpets, rockers, cane easy chairs, 3-4 suite with bedding, wardrobe, chamber sets, a fine toned upright Newcombe piano with latest improvements, a nearly new Jubilee range No. 8, with boiler, graniite tin and crockery ware, platform scales, oil cloth, refrigerator, garden hose, tools, etc., etc.

GEORGE BYRNES, Auctioneer.

$420

—IN—

THREE PRIZES!

First Prize

A MAGNIFICENT OIL PAINTING of a scene near Yale, B. C., by Prof. Loemans, size 30x48, handsomely mounted in heavy gilt frame and valued at $250.

Second Prize

Your choice of a Lady's or Gent's BRANTFORD BICYCLE perfectly new, late design, pneumatic tires, valued at $150.

Third Prize

One year's subscription to each of the following SEVEN DIFFERENT POPULAR PUBLICATION: Harper's Scribner's, Century and Munsey's Magazines, The Delineator, The Season, and L'Art de la Mode, aggregating in value $20.

See explanation in circular containing coupon given with every cash purchase of whatever amount between 6th December and 10 p.m. on 31st December.

Jamieson,

Next the Postoffice.

JEWELRY, Etc AT COST,

As we are going into the WHOLESALE JEWELRY BUSINESS in this Province, We are Clearing Out All Our Stock At Cost.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Jewelers, 59 Government St.

ASSIGNEE SALE.

If You Want Bargains in

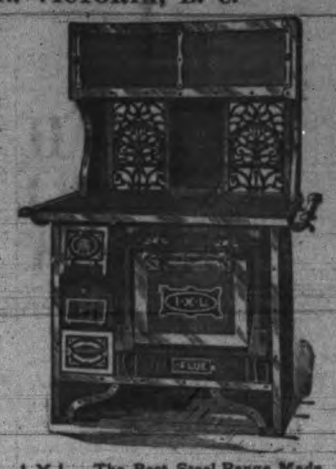
Glassware, Tinware, Crockery

and many other similar articles call at GEORGE L. SIMPSON'S, Douglas Street. The whole of the stock has to be sold regardless of cost.

PERRY & TURNER

42 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.



Builders' Hardware, Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware, Sheet Metal Works, Cornice Work, Sky-Lights and Roofing. I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

Bring Them Together . . .

YOUR FEET AND OUR SHOES.

RUBBERS
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RUBBERS
RUBBERS

GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.
GUM BOOTS.

OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.
OVERSHOES.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government And Johnson Streets.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company

. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .

Turkeys, live .....19c. per lb
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb
Geese from.....$1.25 to $1.50 each
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair
Chickens from.....80c. to $1 per pair

Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.

What About Your Christmas Cake?

The question of nice fruits to put in it need not bother you. We have just opened a choice lot of Valencia, Sultana and layer raisins, new currants, lemon peel, etc.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

NOTICE

From now till Christmas we will sell a Special Line of SUITINGS arrived by express. Call and see these goods. They are sure to please you.

CAMPBELL & CO.,

88 Government Street.

PHIL R. SMITH,

Book Binder, Paper Ruler, & Manufacturing Stationer

32 LANGLEY STREET.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Numidian .....Dec. 22
Allan Line, Mongolian .....Jan. 5
Allan Line, Laurentian .....Jan. 19
Dominion Line, Vancouver .....Dec. 15
Dominion Line, Oregon .....Dec. 29
Dominion Line, Labrador .....Jan. 12

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania .....Dec. 15
Cunard Line, Umbria .....Dec. 22
American Line, New York .....Dec. 12
American Line, Paris .....Dec. 19
White Star Line, Adriatic.....Dec. 12
White Star Line, Teutonic .....Dec. 19
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Trave .....Dec. 11
North Ger. Lloyd, Elbe .....Dec. 18
Anchor Line, Circassia, ...Dec. 22
Anchor Line, Ethiopia .....Dec. 29
Red Star Line, Noordland.....Dec. 12
Red Star Line, Pennland .....Dec. 15
Alan State Line, Nebraska .....Dec. 20

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

We Can't Hypnotize

You and compel you to inspect our stock of Fine TWEEDS, WORSTEDS, Etc., for the winter trade. Your own interest and better judgment should bring you here.

Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.
Worsted Suits, $30.

J. W. CREIGHTON,

86 Government Street.